THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA,
Corrected up to June 1889.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,642—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1889.

THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES,
OLD, MATURE AND EXCELLENT.
Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.
Prices from
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve..
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ... ...
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ... ... } Rs. 21 to Rs. 29-12 per doz. bottles
"Glentromie" ... ...
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ... ...
Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. Tuesday.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne.	18th June
BL SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester.	25th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd July
BL PESHAWUR	3927	600	L. H. Moule	9th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne.	16th "
BL CORONANDEL	4499	800	I. Reeves	23rd "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	30th "
BL PENINSULAR	5500	1000	J. Orman	6th Aug.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne.	13th "
BL PEKIN	3929	600	P. Harris	20th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weighell	27th "
BL THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	3rd Sept.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.
Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.
A steam-barge leaves the Mazagon Dockyard at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. On or about
PEKIN	3929	600	P. Harris	20th June.
THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	4th July.
GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	18th "
ROHILLA	3511	600	M. De Horne	1st Aug.
CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Partitt	15th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan direct every fortnight.
For further particulars, apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 12th June 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below :—
FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAV. :

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	20th June	20th July
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	4th July	10th Aug.
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st Aug.	1st Sept.
MANILLA	5,000	800	20th Aug.	20th Sept.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail
BISAGNO	On the 8th July 1889.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, June 10, 1889.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MARIA TERESA	G. Cossoich	4,200	600	5th July.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger.	4,600	650	5th Aug.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

These rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22nd and BRINDISI on the 24th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAMER TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ELEKTRA	A. Lussich	1,200	600	25th July.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
BERENICE	A. Trobitz	3,500	550	11th June.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 11th May 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LABOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 10th July 1889 at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer homeward bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare, from Marseilles to London.
Owing to the Monsoon, Passengers are invited to be on board the steamer in the Prince's Dock on the morning of the 10th July.
GUSTAVE RAT, Acting Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

MACIVER LINE.

THE favorite Liner S. S ETOLIA, Captain GILL, will sail for PLYMOUTH or LIVERPOOL first week in July.
First-class passages, good accommodation, DOCTOR and STEWARDESS carried. Return tickets obtainable on moderate terms. Ample allowance of baggage.
Apply to Messrs. KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents, Maciver Line, Bombay.
Also to Messrs. W. WATSON & Co., Passenger Agents.

THE MACIVOR LINE S. S. "CHINA" has ARRIVED from LIVERPOOL *via* KURRACHEE with a General Cargo and is DISCHARGING in the PRINCE'S DOCK.
CONSIGNEES are REQUESTED to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.
Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats at steamer's option at their risk and expense.
The Company's Surveyor will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds. After removal from the landing sheds, the Steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever. All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.
KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents.
Bombay, June 10, 1889.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE Re. 1-4; postage, anna

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, on FRIDAY, 14th June, at 5 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on 16th June, after arrival of Outward English Mail, transferring Persian Gulf Mails and Passengers on arrival at Kurrachee to the Gulf steamer.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.
S. S. "HIMALAYA," 1,427 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 13th June, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.
THE S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on or about MONDAY, 8th July, at 3 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.
S. S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 3rd July.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.
THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 862 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 19th June.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 12th June 1889. Agents.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney and Brisbane, returning *viâ* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
BANCOORA	3,000	On 30th June 1889.
BHUNDARA	2,899	10th July.
NUDAEA	2,964	20th July.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 3rd June, 1889.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	To sail.
PERSIA	R. Hutchison	3317	25th June.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 6th June 1889. Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO AMSTERDAM DIRECT.

THE First-class Steamer "CLAN FORBES," 2,500 tons, Captain PHILP, will sail from BOMBAY for AMSTERDAM DIRECT on or about the 25th inst.
The Saloon and Cabins are all on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort.
For Cabin Plans, rates of passages, &c., apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Streets Bombay, June 11, 1889.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. JULIEN MEDOC.

THIS popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored."
Price per doz. Quarts Rs. 11-4; Pints, Rs. 6-4
TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

INVALID'S PORT.
(SANDEMAN'S.)

THIS well known brand is generally prescribed and recommended by the Medical Profession. It is a very superior Dessert Wine, tawny with age, of fine bouquet and character. Invalids and others suffering from the exhausting effects of the climate will find in this Wine excellent recuperating properties.
Price Rs. 34 per dozen.
TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S MILK PUNCH
FOR COCK-TAILS AND PICK-ME-UPS.
Per doz. Rs. 25 Cash.
TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DRIVING WATERPROOF APRONS.
Fitted with Ring & Strap.
From Rs. 10.
HOAR & CO., BOMBAY.

HOUSEHOLD CLARET.

A PART from the singularly favourable circumstances under which it is selected for us, this admirable Wine, equal to any at Twenty Rupees per dozen, is not placed in the hands of the Indian Public at Rupees Ten without the strictest economy being necessarily exercised at every step of its importation. We invite all who know good Wine, to say whether they can purchase anything equal to it in France at the price we charge for it here, which is
Quarts, Rs. 10; Pints, Rs. 5-8.
KEMP & Co., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

LIFE ASSURANCE.
The Rates, Terms, and Conditions of the
QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY
Will be found satisfactory by Persons wishing to combine the security of a first-rate British Life Office with the advantage of moderate rates.

SECURITY OFFERED	Funds in Hand	£1,407,678
	Subscribed Capital	1,620,315
		£3,027,993

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., General Agents.
J. H. SYMINGTON, Secretary

POONA SEASON, 1889.
NEW RAILWAY HOTEL.
Close to the Station and under European Management.
GOOD accommodation for Families and Gentlemen. Wines, Liquors, and Cigars of best brand.
Terms Moderate.
Apply to THE MANAGER.

BEERS, STOUTS AND CIDER.
TREACHER'S OWN BRAND.
LIGHT PILSENER BEER.

BOTTLED at the Brewery specially for TREACHER & Co., LD., and highly recommended as the best Light Beer in the Indian Market. This Beer is supplied under the Company's usual guarantee as to quality and condition, and all those desirous of a "GENUINE LIGHT MALT LIQUOR" should give "TREACHER'S PILSENER" a trial.

	Cash Price.		Cash Price.
Per dozen bottles	Rs. 6 0	Per dozen half-bottles	Rs. 4 0
Per case 4 doz. bottles	" 23 0	Per case 6 doz. half-bottles	" 23 0

SOLE AGENTS
FOR
JOHNSON & CO.'S CANTERBURY ALE.

This pleasant Bitter Beer has been imported by Treacher & Co. at the suggestion of a well-known Physician in Bombay, and is strongly recommended as one of the very best Beers in the Indian Market. It has the genuine bitter aromatic flavour of the Hop, does not contain an excess of Alcohol, and possesses in an eminent degree those refreshing, digestive, and tonic properties which should characterise all Beers.

Per dozen bottles	Rs. 6 4	Per dozen half-bottles	Rs. 4 4

BASS'S BEER AND GUINNESS'S STOUT.
BOTTLED BY FOSTER AND SONS.
In the Home Market Messrs. Foster and Son's bottling is considered much the best, has by far the largest sale, and commands the highest price.
The Company are the Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency.

Per dozen bottles, cash	Rs. 6 12	Per dozen half-bottles, cash	Rs. 4 12

	Bottles.	Half-Bottles.
BASS'S BEER, L. G. A., by Stone, per dozen, cash	Rs. 6 4	Rs. 4 4
BASS'S BEER, L. B. A., by Foster and Sons	" 6 4	" 4 4
GUINNESS'S DUBLIN STOUT, by Burke and Co., per doz., cash	" 6 12	" 4 12
DEVONSHIRE CIDER, by Foster and Sons, per dozen, cash	" 8 0	" 5 8

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c.

THE only Lens that can afford the absolute assistance to, and relief needed by, each individual eye, must be that which is constructed from a Mathematical Formula, to exactly neutralize the defect.
It is rare that a truly perfect Pair of Eyes can be met with, but the Sense of Vision can be equalized in all persons, if the Eyes are not affected by Disease.
A complete assortment of our Spectacles, &c., may now be selected from, to remedy every variety of defective vision, and to fulfil the prescriptions of Ophthalmic Surgeons. They may be ordered by either the Metric or the ordinary numbers. These lenses are cut with great precision, and may be relied on for refractive accuracy.

SPECTACLES.

Best *pebbles*, for Long or Short Sight.	
In Gold Frames, 18-carat	Rs. 27 0
In Aluminium Frames	" 7 0
In Blue Steel Frames	" 6 0
Ladies' new Long Handled Spectacles, "THE LORGNETTE, with best Spherical Pebble Lenses, a most fashionable and elegant form of Hand Glass, chiefly used when taking a drive or walk.	
Gold Frame and Handle	" 125 0
Silver Gilt do. do.	" 40 & 50
Shell do. do.	" 20 0

EYE-GLASSES, SINGLE.

Best Pebble, with Cord and Case, for Long or Short Sight	" 3 0
Best Optical Glass do. do. do.	" 1 8

PINCES-NEZ.

Best *pebble*, for Long or Short Sight.	
In 18-carat Gold Frames, non-pressure Spring, resting very lightly on the face	Rs. 26 0
In Silver Gilt Frames	" 10 0
In Tortoise-shell Turn-pin Frames	" 8 0
In Straight draw-out Spring, Long or Short Sight	" 8 0
Skeleton Folders, Springs and Attachments, rivetted on Lens	" 3 0

EYE PRESERVERS.

Goggles Smoked Glass in Gauze, with Elastic Cord and Japanned Tin Case	" 2 0
Horse Shoe Spectacles	" 5 0
Railway Spectacles, Gauze-sides	" 5 0
Spoon-shaped Glasses, Blue Steel Frames	" 4 8
In Nickel-plated Incorrodible Frames, with White, Blue, and Smoke-tinted Lenses	" 5 0

Morocco Cases and Silk Cords supplied.
ARTIFICIAL EYES.
A large assortment of HUMAN, ANIMALS', and BIRDS', always in stock.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

PHILLIPS'
FERRINTOSH
WHISKIES,
PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.
"NOTED BRAND" Choice and of GOOD AGE. Per dozen Rs. 24.
"OLD VATTED" Mellow and VERY SUPERIOR. Per dozen Rs. 27.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEMP & Co.'s
GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER
PRODUCES a Clear and Beautiful Complexion, and removes all Roughness, Redness, Freckles, Tan, and all other Blemishes of the Skin.
Per Bottle, Re. 1.
KEMP & Co., Ld., Bombay.

"Not for an age, but for all time."
EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE.
ENJOYS no mere ephemeral celebrity. It has supplied a great and long-felt want in the Toilet economy of this country, and has therefore taken a firm and, we venture to say, a permanent hold on public favour. It replaces the unctous applications to which the Hair was formerly subjected by a delightful process of affusion, which instead of oppressing and deadening the vitality of the scalp, invigorates it, and affords all the conditions of health which ought to surround that part of the frame where the mental faculties reside.
Its effects on the Hair are to promote the growth, to impart the softness and lustre of silk, and instantly to arrest any tendency to baldness; while its almost fairy fragrance lends an additional pleasure to the operations of the Toilet.
The "Douche" is felt to be a boon wherever its use has penetrated, and it is now exported to the remotest parts of India.
Per Bottle, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.
KEMP & Co., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

KEMP & Co.'s
BLOOD MIXTURE
ENRICHES the Blood, and cleanses it from all Impurities arising from any cause whatsoever. It restores the Tone and Strength of the System when debilitated by Disease or the Enervating Effects of the Climate.
Per Bottle, Re. 1-8.
KEMP & Co., Ld., Bombay.

THE ONLY PERFECT HAIR DYE.
KEMP & Co.'s
CIRCASSIAN FLUID
SURPASSES all existing dyes in the purity, delicacy, and natural appearance of its results.
Per Case, Rs. 2.
KEMP & Co., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

MADRAS RACES, 1890.
JANUARY 21ST, 23RD, 25TH, and 28TH.
ADDED MONEY, Rs. 38,500.
OWNERS are reminded that the FIRST ENTRANCES CLOSE on 1st July 1889.
For prospectus apply to
W. T. HAMILTON HOLMES,
Secretary, Races,
Madras Club.

WANTED.
FOR ADEN.—Three EUROPEANS HOLDING MASTER'S Certificates from the Board of Trade to serve as PILOTS under the Aden Port Trustees. Applicants must forward copies of testimonials of service and character. Salary Rs. 150 per mensem, rising by yearly increments of Rs. 10 to Rs. 200.—Free quarters.
E. V. STACE, Lieut.-Col.,
First Assistant Political Resident,
Chairman of the Board.
Aden, 29th May, 1889.

WATERBURY WATCHES.
New styles arrived. Old styles reduced in price.

SERIES "E"—OR LONG WIND. Owing to a large expenditure on plant, which increases the daily output, these watches can now be retailed at Rs. 2 less than formerly.
Rs. 6-8

SERIES "J"—IMPROVED GENT'S WATCH, Short wind, Stem set, Seconds hand, Jewelled, Gilt three-quarter plate, back Ratchet, Dust-proof case, quick-train visible movement, duplex escapement.
Rs. 13-0 Rs. 13-0

The finest watch ever produced for the money.

SERIES "L"—SMALL-SIZED LADIES' WATCH, Short wind, Stem set, Jewelled, Quick train, Gilt ¾ plate, back Ratchet, Dust-proof case, visible movement, duplex escapement.
Rs. 13-0 Rs. 13-0

A good timekeeper, attractive appearance, sure to please.
The reputation already gained for Waterbury Watches will be sufficient to assure intending purchasers that these of new make are all they are stated to be.
All watches are guaranteed for two years.
Address orders to
WATERBURY,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, OR ALLAHABAD,
OR TO SOUNDY AND CO., LD.
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY,
Trade terms on application.

DIAMONDS.

WE are glad to have the opportunity in these days of low exchange of informing the Public that we have just procured, direct from the Mines, a magnificent assortment of the above, justly named

THE QUEEN OF GEMS.

They are purely white, perfectly cut, and of intense brilliancy, and having obtained them at very favourable prices, we are able to offer them at a figure which, we believe, has not been touched for years. For instance, we can now supply a single Stone white and perfect brilliant Ring, set in solid 18-carat Gold, for the remarkably low sum of Rs. 100 only.
All Stones are set on the premises by our workmen under European supervision, and we can furnish estimates and designs for any description of Diamond Jewellery, no matter how intricate and elaborate.
We have many pairs of grand large Stones suitable for Solitaire Boutons, etc., and can also supply a pair of choice Boutons as low as Rs. 80.
An inspection is invited, and we ask intending purchasers to compare our prices before investing.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN, LD.,
DRESS FABRICS.
A LARGE SELECTION.

PATTERNS OF ALL KINDS POST FREE.

EXQUISITE NOVELTIES in NEW washing materials. In Stripes, Checks, Broches, and Borders, from As. 10 to Rs. 2.
ZEPHYRS, Newest designs, As. 14 to Rs. 1/8.
PRINTED French Satteens, As. 14 to Rs. 1/8.
NEW Bordered Zephyrs, from Rs. 1/8 to 2.
NOVELTIES in Woollen Fabrics.
All Wool Foule Serges, All Wool Twill Beiges } from Rs. 1/4 to 2/8.
STRIPE and Fancy Tweeds " 2/4 to 5/8.
BORDERED Materials from " 2/14 to 3/12
BORDERED Robes from " 33 to 55.
NEW Tennis and Boating Materials, from As. 12 to Rs. 1/8.

THE CHOICEST PRODUCTION OF THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN MANUFACTURE.

RICH Faille Francaise. Black and all the New Colours, GUARANTEED WEAR, will not cut or wear greasy, from Rs. 5/8 to 8/12.
SATIN MERVEILLEUX, Beautifully Soft and Bright Choice Shades, from Rs. 4 to 6/12
RICH MOIRES in all the Leading Tones for Day and Evening Wear, from Rs. 5/12 to 12/8
GROS GRAIN, Delicate Shades.
KALISTO and PONJEE Silks. Sixty different ART SHADES to select from, from Rs. 2/8 to 4.
PRINTED FOULARDS and Ponjees, Choice designs, from Rs. 4 to 5/12.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN, LD.,
DRESS-MAKERS, MILLINERS, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S OUTFITTERS.
HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY. SHOW ROOMS. EAST STREET, POONA.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

THORPE AND CO.

IN soliciting orders, we beg to inform our constituents that this Department is superintended by a First-class London Shirt Cutter. Gentlemen may rely on a well-fitting Shirt, strongly made, guaranteed to stand the rough usages of Indian washing.

SHIRTS.
Long Cloth; for wearing under Uniform.
Six for Rs. 20.

SHIRTS.
Pure Linen Fronts and Cuffs.
Six for Rs. 25.

SHIRTS.
Collars attached, Pure Linen Fronts, Cuffs, and Collars.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
The best Oxford Cloth, with Collars attached.
Six for Rs. 30.

SHIRTS
French Cambric, newest Paris designs.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
Spun Silk, Cream-Colored Stripes and Checks, newest Patterns.
Each, Rs. 12-8.

SHIRTS.
White Saxony Flannel, for Cricketing or Lawn Tennis, well shrunk.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Silk and Wool, Delightfully cool, in White and Fancy Patterns.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Plain, Fancy wove Flannels.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Ceylon Flannel, Shrinkless.
Each, Rs. 7-8.

Made to Measure, or ready for immediate use.
Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,
A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY.
Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.
Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2. Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.
SPECIAL TERMS GIVEN TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS.
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDERS are invited for the CONSTRUCTION of the QUARTERS for the Lady Superintendent and Sisters in connection with the St. George's Hospital, Bombay.

Plans and Specifications can be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the office of the Undersigned.

Tenders which should be sealed and endorsed "Tender for the Lady Superintendent and Sisters' Quarters, St. George's Hospital," will be received in the office of the Undersigned up to 1 p.m. on the 28th instant.

A sum of Rupees 1,000 in cash should accompany each Tender as Earnest-money. This will be forfeited in case, after his Tender has been accepted, the Contractor shall (in due course) refuse to sign and complete the contract-documents and agreements, otherwise it will be returned.

The acceptance of the Tender will rest with the Executive Engineer, Presidency, on receipt of authority from Government.

The Government reserves the right to reject all Tenders, and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any Tender.

Should a Tender be accepted, the contract will commence and subsist on and from the date on which its acceptance by Government is communicated to the Contractor.

MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN, C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 12th June 1889.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 584,400.
REST..... ..... „ 152,000.

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INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balances not exceeding Rs. 25,000.
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SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.
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"PURE MARSALA," as used at the Union Club, Malta, Choice Old Particular, and Old Particular. Imported direct by PHIPSON and Co.

THE CRY OF THE DAY.—CEYLON TEAS! CEYLON TEAS!! CEYLON TEAS!!! for sale everywhere. We do not keep Ceylon Teas, as the best qualities at Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2 per lb. will bear no comparison with our fresh consignment of IMPERIAL FAMILY and BREAKFAST MIXTURES at Re. 1 and annas 12 per lb. respectively.—MORTON, MAJU AND CO., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

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JUST RECEIVED a large stock of Leggings, Overshoes, Long Boots, and all sorts of Monsoon Boots and Shoes, also a nice stock of Gents,' and Ladies, Brown Leathers Boots and Shoes.—HUSSANALLY MOOLLA HACKIMJEE & BROTHERS, Shop No. 1, Crawford Market, Bombay.

TO GENTLEMEN wishing to place a Son in Business. Partner required with Rs. 20,000 to join Advertiser.—"X. Y. Z.", care of this office.

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A LADY, having studied in Paris and London, wishes to give LESSONS in French and Singing. For terms, address BONZOUR, care of this paper.

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THE only Firm who undertake repairing and Tuning Patent Aristons and keep repairing materials in stock is STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

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PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road opposite Bombay Club.

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HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done

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Brown Holland Note and Envelopes	„	0	12
Do. do. Grey Calico	„	1	4
Do. do. Correspondence Cards	„	0	12
Grey Calico Correspondence Cards		0	12
Floral Note and Envelopes	per packet	0	12
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Autumn Leaves		0	12
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"Just a few Words" Correspondence		0	12
Assorted		0	12
Primrose, Bouquet	per packet	0	12
Times Correspondence	„	0	12
Royal Nursery Correspondence	„	0	12
4 O'Clock Correspondence	„	0	12
Cinderella		0	12
Canvas Shell		0	12
Coin and Frog, assorted		0	12
Parcel Post Cabinet	each	2	4
Revolving Cabinet	„	5	0
Fascination Cabinet	„	6	0
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Three Volume Cabinet	each	4	0
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NOTICES.

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To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1882 and in the matter of the WARDHA SPINNING and MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Liquidators of the abovenamed Company will, on and after the 17th day of June, 1889, proceed to refund between the hours of 11 to 5 p.m., in the Company's registered office, No. 16, Dalal Street, Fort, the sum of Rupees Fifty per share to such of the Shareholders as have paid the sum of Rupees one hundred per share on production of the receipt duly endorsed.

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THE RATE of INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one year is to-day INCREASED from 4½ per cent. per annum to 5 per cent. per annum.

By order of the Court of Directors,
J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.
Bombay, 1st June 1889.

ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE.

COMPARATIVE Statement of New Business received during the years 1887 and 1888:—

YEARS.	NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF PROPOSALS RECEIVED.	
	Number.	Amount.
1887	2138	59,53,550
1888	2298	70,63,950

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MARINE INSURANCE risks accepted by the Undersigned
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TWO Grand Instruments Equal to a Brass Band, playing numerous favorite English and Native Tunes. For sale below cost price.
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50 per cent. Reduction in the prices of our
ELECTRIC LIGHT MATERIAL.

Dynamos for 20 arc lights	Rs.	800
Do. 200 incandescent lights	„	800
Do. 20 „	„	200
Lamps for arc lights	„	60

Incandescent lamps, from 1 to 20 Candle-power, from Re. 1 to Rs. 4 each.
Insulated wire and cable, from 1 anna per yard.
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RESERVE FUND	$4,300,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

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BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, Ld.
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By Order of the Directors.
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

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MESSRS. ASQUITH, LORD & WHITHMORE beg to inform their Constituents, and the Public in General, that they have OPENED a BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT in EAST STREET, POONA.

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OF PURE VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS AND FREE FROM MERCURY.

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A RIDE TO KHIVA,
BY CAPTAIN FRED. BURNABY, ROYAL HORSE GUARDS.

PAGE 18 says:—

"Two pairs of boots, lined with fur, were also taken; and for physic, with which it is as well to be supplied when travelling in out-of-the-way places—some Quinine and Cockle's Pills—the latter a most invaluable medicine and one which I have used on the natives of Central Africa with the greatest possible success. In fact, the marvellous effects produced upon the mind and body of an Arab Sheik, who was impervious to all native medicines, when I administered to him five

COCKLE'S PILLS,

will never fade from my memory; and a friend of mine, who passed through the same district many months afterwards, informed me that my fame as a 'medicine man' had not died out, but that the marvellous cure was even then a theme of conversation in the bazaar."

THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

An extract from the second edition (page 188) of the translation of the Pharmacopœia of the Royal College of Physicians of London, by Dr. G. F. Collier, published by Longman and Company:—

"It is no small defect in this compilation (speaking of the new Pharmacopœia) that we have no purgative mass but what contains aloes, yet we know that hæmorrhoidal persons cannot bear aloes, except in the form of

COCKLE'S PILLS,

which chiefly consist of aloes, scammony, and colocynth, which, I think, are formed into a sort of compound extract, the acridity of which is obviated, I suspect, by an alkaline process, and by a fourth ingredient (unknown to me) of an aromatic tonic nature. I think no better and no worse of it for its being a patent medicine. I look at it as an article of commerce and domestic convenience, and do not hesitate to say it is the best made Pill in the Kingdom; a muscular purge, a mucous purge, and a hydrogogue purge combined, and their effects properly controlled by a dirigent and corrigent. That it does not commonly produce hæmorrhoids, like most aloetic pills, I attribute to its being thoroughly soluble, so that no undissolved particles adhere to the mucous membrane."

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ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients, with the pure extract of the flowers of the Camomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangement of the digestive organs and for torpid action of the liver and bowels, which produce indigestion and several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. They speedily remove irritation and the feverish state of the stomach—allay spasms—correct the morbid condition of the liver and organs subservient to digestion—promote a due and healthy secretion of bile, and relieve the constitution of all gouty matter and other impurities, which, by circulating in the blood, must injuriously effect the action of the kidneys—thus by removing the causes productive of so much discomfort, they restore the energies both on body and mind. To those who indulge in the luxuries of the table, these Pills will prove highly useful, occasioning no pain in their action, unless they meet with an unusual quantity of acrid bile and acid matter in the stomach and bowels. To Europeans on their arrival in India or China they are recommended as a preservative against the fatal disorders peculiar to tropical climates. Their occasional use, if combined with the strictest attention to diet, will be frequently found to remove at once by their influence over the secretions that congestive and unhealthy condition of the liver which is so often the earliest antecedent of severe febrile and constitutional disturbance. It must be understood that these Pills are not recommended as containing any new or dangerously active ingredients; on the contrary, they are characterised by a remarkable simplicity of combination; and whatever merit they may be found to possess depends as much upon the selection of pure drugs and the unusual labour and attention bestowed upon their subsequent preparation, as upon the acknowledged peculiarity of their composition. They are not recommended as a panacea, nor are they adapted to all complaints; but as a mild and efficacious aperient and tonic in the various forms of indigestion, it will not, perhaps, be an exaggeration to state that they have been resorted to under all systems of diet, changes of climate, or atmospheric alterations, with an extraordinary degree of success for 86 years. This celebrated family aperient may be had throughout the United Kingdom in boxes 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s., as well as in India, China, New Zealand, and the Australian colonies.

References for the above and for the Quinine Bitters can be made to NARSEELAL DAMODERDAS MAPARA, No. 7, 3rd Bhoiwada, or the PROPRIETORS of the QUININE BITTERS Co., Ld., Llanelly, South Wales.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
UMBRELLAS.

Myrtle Green / Brown and Black / Rich Twill Silk. — FOX'S PATENT STEEL LOCK RIB PARAGON FRAMES. — Superior Sticks, Natural and Silver-mounted Handles.

Rs. 12-8, Rs. 14-8, Rs. 16-0, Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 40-0.

SUPERIOR QUALITY EXTRA LIGHT.

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		Rs.	a.
Gold Keyless Crystal-faced, 14 ct.		60	0
Do. Hunting, 14 ct.		65	0
Do. Half-Hunting, 14 ct.		70	0
Do. Half-Hunting, 18 ct.		95 and 130	0
Do. Hunting, 18 ct., engine-turned, plain or chased		90 and 125	0
Do. Crystal face, 18 ct.		95	0
Gold Half-Hunting, Key Winder, Lever, Enamelled or Gold Dial, 18 ct.		175	0
Hunter Keyless, Lever, engine-turned		200	0
Gold Hunter, Key Winder, Lever		150	0
Gold Crystal face, Keyless, Lever, Enamelled or Gold Dial		140	0
Gold Keyless, highest quality, full jewelled and compensated, the most perfect Watch		350	0
Gold Watches of the most costly make in great variety	from Rs. 200 to	380	0
The above in Enamelled Cases, set with Pearls or Diamonds	from Rs. 280 to	700	0

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Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by

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In

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Thacker and Company, Limited, 5 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 12th :—Venetia (s), from London. Yesterday :—Beatrice (s), from Rangoon.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Hampstead (s), for Trieste and Venice; Recta (s), Liverpool; Bua Pan (barque), Bangkok, &c.; Akbar (s), Aden and Jeddah; and Himalaya (s), Calcutta.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi and Sind per extra s.s. Kilwa will be closed at the General Post Office at 8-30 a.m. to-day.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Honkong, Singapore and Penang per extra s.s. Berenice will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m. to-day.

THEFT OF GOLD BUTTONS.—Ameerbux, a woman residing at Thakordwar Road, reports the theft of seven gold buttons, valued at Rs 133, from her premises on Wednesday last.

POLO.—The game this evening will be :—Stripes : Mr. Summer (capt.), Mr. Bartoff, Mr. Daunt, and Mr. Fyffe. White : Mr. Savile (capt.), Mr. Graham, Capt. Tuffnell, Capt. Baxter, and Mr. Hume, to commence at 5 p.m.

CRICKET MATCH.—A cricket match will be played to-morrow (Saturday) between the Parsee and Ralli Brothers Cricket Clubs on the Cooperage ground. The teams will be captained by Messrs. H. J. Walsh and D. B. Tapia. This is the first match of both the clubs this season.

CATTLE LIFTING.—Nansey Damjee, residing at Samuel Street, reports that a cart-driver in his employ absconded on Wednesday with a pair of bullocks valued at Rs. 90. One of the bullocks has been recovered by the police from one Narayen Yessoo, to whom it was sold by the person accused, for whom a search is being made.

A CHANGE IN PROCEDURE.—Crishna Essoo and three other gharrywallas were fined Rs. 5 each by Mr. C. P. Cooper yesterday for plying their conveyances for hire without a license. In this instance his worship told the men that if they did not pay their fines before 5 p. m. a distress-warrant would issue against the conveyances.

ROBBING A CHINAMAN.—The case in which Reuben Benjamin is charged with stealing a gold ring from a Chinaman named Loo Lay, carrying on business on Kalbadevie Road, was called on for hearing before Mr. Shewshunker Govindram yesterday. The Magistrate found the accused guilty and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

CRIMINAL TRESPASS.—A West Indian named John Cubble was placed before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday by Inspector Smith on a charge of criminal trespass by going on board the s.s. Peshawar, belonging to the P. and O. Company. The accused said he was passing that way and feeling very hungry he went on board to try and get some bread from the steward, when he was arrested. He admitted previous convictions, and was sentenced to 14 days' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT.—A boy named Ajan Kenjoll was brought up before Mr. C. P. Cooper yesterday on a charge of stealing three silver buttons and sundry other articles, of the collective value of Rs. 4-4, the property of Meya Ismail Khan. It appears that complainant left the property in question with a little boy at his shop at Memonwada, when the accused came up and asked him to go out and buy some betelnut for him. When he was out of sight accused stepped into the shop and stole the article, and was arrested with them in his possession a short time after. The accused was convicted and sentenced to one day's imprisonment.

UNPROVOKED ASSAULT.—Mahomed Cassum, a Mahomedan lad aged 18 years, was yesterday charged by Inspector Roberts before Mr. P. Ryan with assaulting Govind Gunput, a Municipal labourer, on Wednesday evening in Chickulwady with a piece of wood. The complainant was passing along Chickulwady about 6 o'clock, when the accused spoke to him in a manner which the other considered insulting. Some words passed between the two, and in the end accused struck complainant on the head, knocking him down and stunning him. The accused tried to run away, but was caught and handed over to the police. On pleading guilty to the charge Cassum was convicted and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

A QUARREL ENDS IN SUICIDE.—The body of a young Hindoo woman named Sarruswuttee was refused admission to the Sonapore burning ground on Wednesday as the relatives of the young woman died not give a satisfactory account of the cause of death. On the police making inquiry it was discovered that she had committed suicide by swallowing arsenic. The young woman, it would appear, had had a serious quarrel with her mother-in-law, and the upshot of that was that she seized upon some arsenic which her father-in-law, who is a goldsmith, requires for business, swallowed it, and died. An inquest was held by the Coroner on the body of the deceased yesterday at the Hindoo burning ground at Sonapore, when a verdict was returned to the effect that the death of Sarruswuttee was caused by arsenic, which she voluntarily administered to herself.

A JUVENILE THIEF.—Cassinath Cooshnajee, a Hindoo lad aged 15 years, was yesterday charged by Inspector Holdway before Mr. P. Ryan with having on Wednesday stolen a clock, a black coat, and Rs. 2 in cash, of the collective value of Rs. 9, the property of Ramrow Cassinath, residing in Lady Jamsetjee Street. The accused entered the premises during complainant's absence and committed the robbery, which the complainant discovered on returning home. The matter being reported to the police, the clock was found to have been pledged with a Marwarree. The accused being arrested, the remainder of the stolen property was found in his possession. He pleaded guilty to the charge and was ordered by the Magistrate to be sent to the Sassoon Reformatory

THE SEQUEL TO AN ELOPEMENT.—A woman named Fatma was yesterday charged before the Chief Presidency Magistrate by Inspector Butterfield with causing grievous hurt to a female acquintance named Ameerna. It appears that some days ago Fatma's daughter had been induced to elope with the complainant's son. Brooding over her domestic troubles the accused went to Ameena's house in Havildar Lane, Oomarcarry, and, during an altercation, struck the complainant, who, on running away, was pushed down a flight of stairs by Fatma, and sustained a fracture of the ribs, which necessitated her being conveyed to hospital. On the case being placed before Mr. Cooper yesterday, the Inspector applied for a remand owing to the complainant being detained in hospital. His worship granted the applicatiou.

A HINDU "LOTHARIO."—Narrain Cassiba and two other Hindoos were placed before Mr. C. P. Cooper yesterday by Inspector Butterfield on a charge of being disorderly at Chinchbunder Road on Wednesday night. Superintendent Brewin informed his worship that the first accused was a "gallant" who was continually getting into trouble with husbands on account of his "too too" devotedness to their wives and was thus a nuisance to the neighbourhood. Narrain indignantly denied the soft impeachment, and said he was preparing to leave the locality when he was assaulted by the other two men. Superintendent Brewin said that this statement was untrue, as he had been unsuccessfully trying to rid the neighbourhood of accused's presence for the past six months. As Narrain promised he would leave the locality at once, his worship remanded the case until Saturday, Superindendent Brewin promising to see that Narrain was not molested by the neighbours when removing.

SUICIDES.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterdry at second Bhoiwada Street respecting the death of Varajdass Hurridass, aged 70 years. Deceased did no work on account of age. He was formerly an embroiderer. His sons left him and gave him no support. He used to go to his sister's for his food. About four months ago he borrowed Rs. 200; and being unable to repay it, his creditors troubled him every day, threatening to sue him. At 7 p. m. on Wednesday deceased was found lying in his bed unconscious. Dr. Framjee was brought, who said deceased was under the influence of opium. He died at midnight. The verdict was that the death of Varajdass Hurridass was caused by opium, which he voluntarily administered to himself.—Another inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at Girgaum Back Road respecting the death of Heerjeebhoy Sorabjee, aged 48 years. Deceased was employed in the Colaba Canteen at Morley Hall and was in pecuniary difficulties. At 2 a. m. yesterday he was seized with vomiting and Dr. Mody was sent for. At 6 a.m. yesterday he told the doctor he had taken poison, but did not say what. He died at 8 a.m., yesterday. Dr. Mody was of opinion that the cause of death was poisoning by arsenic, and a verdict to that effect was recorded.

A MAHOMEDAN'S ESCAPADE AND WHAT CAME OF IT.—A Mahomedan named Abdool Ismail and two of his friends wishing to "make a night of it" on Wednesday began by engaging a victoria near the Two Tanks at five o'clock and drove out to Chowpatty, where they amused themselves on the beach for an hour by walking about and smoking cigarettes. Getting tired of this, the three youths adjourned to a liquor-shop near the Cowasjee Patel Tank, where, after indulging pretty freely in the forbidden stuff, they had another drive through the native town. Abdool's two friends then left, but Abdool, not being yet satisfied, continued his outing. He stopped at a milk-shop, but the milk was done; but being determined to have a soother of some sort, he proceeded to an opium shop, where he indulged in a smoke. He then drove to Bhendy Bazaar, where he stopped at a cold-drink shop to have some *fulda*. It was now that the serious part of the escapade commenced. While the gharrywalla was giving the necessary orders, Abdool seized hold of the reins, whipped the horse into a gallop, ran on to the footpath, and knocked over an old woman named Nusseebun. He did not stop to enquire what was wrong with the old woman, but proceeded at a gallop as far as New Nagpada, where he was stopped by a mounted policeman. He was yesterday morning placed before Mr. C. P. Cooper by Inspector Butterfield on a charge of causing hurt to Nusseebun, who has been removed to hospital on account of her injuries. The accused stated that when the gharrywalla went to the cold-drink shop the horse took fright and he seized the reins to try and stop it. The case was remanded for fourteen days to enable Nusseebun to appear in court.

HIGH COURT.—APPELATE SIDE.

(Before Mr. Justice SCOTT and Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

ILLEGAL MANUFACTURE OF COUNTRY LIQUOR.

IMPERATRIX VS. BYRAMJEE CURSETJEE.

MR. JARDINE, with Mr. Manekshah, on behalf of the accused, applied to their lordships to send for the record and proceedings and to liberate the accused on bail, pending the decision of the appeal filed by him from a decision of Mr. E. MacCallum, first class Magistrate of Thana, who, on the 24th April last, convicted the accused of illegal possession of 44 bottles of country liquor and also of having either illegally manufactured or transported the liquor, and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 200, or in default to undergo further rigorous imprisonment for one month.

It appeared from the Magistrate's finding that about 44 bottles of country liquor, some of which was toddy spirit and some of it mowra spirit, very much over proof (over 30 degrees), were found in the beginning of April last in the house of the accused at Callian. The maximum amount of country liquor which a person could have in his possession was one gallon, *i. e.*, six bottles; and, moreover, in the Callian taluka, no toddy spirit was allowed to be manufactured or sold. In the Thana District, spirit of 25 degrees under proof was sold. The Magistrate thought that the explanation given by the accused was not satisfactory. He stated that he had had the liquor in his possession for many years, and that he kept it for medicinal purposes. If this explanation were accepted, every one, the Magistrate remarked, would bring forward the excuse for the liquor found in his possession in excess, or of liquor which might not be sold in the district; and the Abkari Act, so far as it related to these offences, would be a dead-letter. The accused was convicted of illegal possession of the 44 bottles of country liquor, and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200, with the alternative of a month's rigorous imprisonment. One-half the amount of the fine was awarded to the Abkari inspector. As to the second charge of having illegally manufactured or illegally transported the liquor, the Magistrate held there was no doubt that smuggling and consequent defrauding the public revenue had taken place. Moreover, liquor of such strength could not be drunk. His Worship thought this was not a case in which a fine would have a sufficiently deterrent effect. The accused appeared to be a man of means, and was in a position to pay the maximum fine if ordered to do so. The accused was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for six months, and the liquor was ordered to be destroyed.

Against the above conviction and sentence, the accused lodged an appeal before Mr. E. Hosking, Sessions Judge of Thana, who, in disposing of it on the 9th ult, held that the accused had failed to satisfy the court that he obtained possession of the liquor otherwise than by illicit manufacture on the spot or by illegal transport. It was proved, in the opinion of the Sessions Judge, that the manufacture of liquor of the strength was not permitted in the Callian taluka. Considering the strength of the liquor, the large quantity, and the fact that the accused was a liquor contractor, the Sessions Judge thought that it was a case which called for severe punishment; but as this was the first conviction, His Honour reduced the sentence of six months' rigorous imprisonment to three.

The grounds of appeal to the High Court were that the facts proved in the case did not constitute an offence under section 43 of the Bombay Abkari Act. The mere possession of more than a gallon of country liquor without a licence did not show that the appellant either illegally manufactured or transported the liquor in question. There was no evidence to show that the appellant did anything in contravention of section 43, and the punishment was excessive.

Their lordships ordered the record and proceedings to be sent for, and the appellant to be liberated on his own recognisances for Rs. 500 and a surety for the like amount.

FORGERY BY AN ENGINEER'S CLERK.

IMPERATRIX VS. RAMNATH VISHWANATH DAVE.

Mr. Branson, with whom was Mr. Motilal Munchi, presented an appeal from a decision of Mr. Dayaram Gidumul, acting Joint Sessions Judge of Broach, who convicted the accused last month of forgery and sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for fifteen months. The accused was employed as a clerk to the Assistant Engineer, Rao Bahadur Himatlal, in charge of the Dhadhar Bridge Works, on a salary of Rs. 25 per month. His duty was to keep the accounts, to copy out letters, and to keep files of the correspondence in the office. The Assistant Engineer had an advance of Rs. 500 for making payments to cartmen, who brought the materials from the Broach Railway station and to labourers working at the bridge. The money was kept in a box in a room of the office. One day the Assistant Engineer sent for a counter-foil of a document to see what balance was left, and on looking at it he was struck by a large item of Rs. 46-8-0 as having been paid on the preceding day. The balance in hand tallied with the balance shown in the counterfoil; and the Assistant Engineer thought that it was a case of a clerical mistake on the part of the accused. On receiving, however, a cheque from the Executive Engineer for Rs. 30 more, the Assistant Engineer, after examining the vouchers, concluded that Rs. 30 had been charged in excess by converting three items of Rs. 2-12-0 each into Rs. 12-12-0. He asked the accused to explain the discrepancy, but the accused denied all knowledge of the matter. On the Assistant Engineer making a report, the accused was ordered to be prosecuted. The latter, in his defence, stated that the alterations were made by some one to ruin him. The Sessions Judge, differing from the assessors, convicted the accused and sentenced him as mentioned above.

Their lordships admitted the appeal and sent for the record and proceedings.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JUNE 13.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Persia s—10 cases portwine and 50 cases stout, D Cowasji; 35 cases wine and 51 cases whisky, S Cowasji.

Merton Hall s—27 cases wine, The Byculla Club.

FROM GLASGOW.

Persia s—101 cases whisky, D Cowasji; 100 cases wine, W and A Graham and Co; 25 cases stout, and 100 hogsheads ale, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Clan Forbes s—251 cases whisky, D Cowasji; 40 hogsheads ale, Finlay, Muir and Co; 25 boxes whisky, Framjee Sands and Co; 25 hogsheads ale, W M Bell and Co; 20 cases beer, Cowasji Mehta and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Coromandel s—1 hogshead brandy, R Ramchandra and Co.

Malwa s—15 cases wine, Philips and Co.

Oriental s—25 cases champagne, Philipps and Co; 20 cases ale and stout, Phipson and Co.

Tasmania s—50 cases brandy, J Nowroji.

FROM MARSEILLES.

R Rubbattino s—35 cases vermouth, S Cowasji.

FROM TRIESTE.

Berenice s—115 cases wine, J Connell.

FROM HULL.

Apollo s—10 cases cologne water, S Lilladhur.

FROM BORDEAUX

R Rubbattino s—225 cases brandy, B and A Hormarji; 85 cases brandy, J Framji; 800 cases brandy, N Ardaseer and Son.

FROM NEW YORK.

Cachemire s—2,950 cases kerosine oil, Nansey Khyraz and Co; 800 cases kerosine oil, T Topen.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDER

Bombay, June 14, 1889.

The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the battery from the 12th instant :—No. 134, Gunner R. G. Summerfield.

By Order.

(Sd.) A. LESLIE, Capt.,
and Acting Adjutant, Bo. Vol. Artillery.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, June 13.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

THE undermentioned Medical Warrant Officer is allowed furlough out of India for one year on private affairs, under the Furlough Regulations of 1875 :—First Grade Asst Apothy J W N D'Souza, Subordinate Medical Dept.

The undermentioned Officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the specified period to count from date of being struck off duty :—Lieut-Col J F Willoughby, General List, Infantry, Comdt, 3rd Bo Cavy, for six months. Pension service twenty-ninth year, commenced 27th Feb 1889.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 26th April 1889 :—21st Bombay Infantry—Jamadar Mirzan Khudabakhsh to be Subhedar, vice Deomehtar Rammeter, pensioned, and Havaldar-Major Shaikh Dadu to be Jamadar (provisionally), vice Mirzan Khudabakhsh, promoted.

The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bo Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Rt. Hon'ble the Secy of State for India :—Second Lieutenant H F Jacob, 1st Battn Lincolnshire Regt, Offg Wing Officer 14th Bo Infy, 22nd Feb 1888.

Second Lieut Jacob will rank as Lieut in the Bo Staff Corps, with effect from the 22nd Feb 1888, subject to H M's approval.

Second Lieut H D Harvest, 1st Battn Leinster Regt, is appointed a Probationer for the Bo Staff Corps, with effect from the 4th June 1889.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev J A Sellar, MA, is appointed to officiate as Chaplain of Aden.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut Col G E Hancock and Major J M Hunter respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of President of the Rajasthanik Court, Kathiawar, on the 19th ultimo.

Mr S M Fraser, CS, assumed charge of his duties as Tutor and Guardian to the Raja of Kolhapur, the Chief of Kagal, and the Kunwar Saheb of Bhavnagar on the 22nd ultimo, before noon.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Azam Raghavendra Jayacharya, acting Head Karkun of taluka Gadag in the district of Dharwar, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district, and is invested with additional powers.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to authorize Azam Ramchundra Baji, Mahalkari of petha Raver in the Khandesh Dist, to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar under the Mamlatdars' Courts Act, 1876.

Rao Saheb Chimanlal Lalubhai, second class Subordinate Judge of Olpad, is appointed to act as second class Subordinate Judge of Surat, in addition to his own duties, until further orders.

Rao Saheb Chimanlal Lalubhai is invested, with such powers during the period that he may act as Second Class Subordinate Judge of Surat.

Mr E Gray, First Assist Collr and Magistrate of the first class in the district of Belgaum, to be a visitor of the, Subordinate Jail at Belgum.

Azam Ganesh Kashinath Lele, acting Head Karkun of taluka Junnar in the district of Khandesh, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district, and invested with additional powers.

Mr C H Jopp is appointed, on his return from leave, to act as Assist Judge in the Sholapur-Bijapur Dist for the Bijapur Collectorate until further orders, and is invested with all the powers of a District Judge within the Bijapur Dist. Mr Jopp is to be a Joint Sessions Judge in the Sholapur-Bijapur Sessions Division.

Mr S R Arthur, Magistrate of the [illegible] the district of Satara, is invested with additional powers.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr L G Deshmukh, Assist Collr and Magistrate of the first class in the district of Kaira, to be a visitor of the Dist Jail at Kaira.

Mr. Mulram Kirparam, acting Head Munshi of taluka Sehwan in the district of Karachi, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district.

The Govr in Council is pleased to constitute the talukas of Devgad, Malvan, and Vengurla in the district of Ratnagiri, a sub-division of that district, and to appoint Mr W C Rand, Magistrate of the first class, to be the Magistrate in charge of that sub-division.

Azam Shitaram Shripat Mokashi, sub *pro tem* Head Karkun of taluka Indapur in the district of Poona, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district, and is invested with additional powers.

Azam Wasudeo Keshav Kunte, Head Karkun of taluka Chopda in the district of Khandesh, is appointed, to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district, and is invested with additional powers.

Lieut. D B Thomson, acting Sixth Assist Political Resident, Aden, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the second class, and is invested with additional powers.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to invest Lieut D B Thomson with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Messrs R B Karandikar and R H Deshpande respectively delivered over and received charge of the Office of the Kanarese Translator, Educational Dept, on the 17th ultimo.

Rao Saheb R H Deshpande delivered over charge of the office of the Depy Educational Inspr, Kanara, to his Assist on the 13th ultimo, and that Mr B Y Kerur received charge of that office from the Assist Depy Educational Inspr on the 14th idem.

Mr K D Naegamwala, MA, has been appointed to be First Master and Curator of the Observatory, and Lecturer on Astronomy and Optics in the College of Science, Poona.

Messrs Chabilram D Dixit and Ganpatram G Shastri respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Depy Educational Inspr, Kaira Sub-Division, on the 21st ultimo.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to re-appoint Mr J R Price to be an Assist Collr on the Sind Commission, with effect from March 30, 1889.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr W H Propert, CS, to be Commissioner, N D, vice Mr G F Sheppard, retired.

Mr T D Mackenzie, CS, to be Commissioner, SD, with permanent pay and allowances of the Survey Commissionership, but continuing to do duty as Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari, and Reporter-General of External Commerce, pending further orders.

Mr G F M Grant, CS, to be Collr and Magistrate of the district of Broach, and Dist Registrar, Broach, continuing to act as Commissioner, ND, drawing allowances calculated on those of the Survey and Settlement Commissionership, until relieved by Mr Propert.

Mr G B Reid, SC, to be Senior Collr, vice Mr Mackenzie.

Mr A W Crawley-Boevey, CS, to be Junior Collr vice Mr Reid, and to be Collr and Magistrate of the district of Belgaum, and Dist Registrar, Belgaum, vice Mr Grant, continuing to do duty as Collr and Magistrate of the district of Dharwar, Dist Registrar and Political Agent, Dharwar, pending further orders.

Khan Bahadur Pestanji Jehangir, CIE, to be Talukdari Settlement Officer, Gujarat.

Mr G F M Grant, CS, on being relieved by Mr Propert, to act as Commissioner, SD, drawing allowances calculated on those of the Survey and Settlement Commissioner.

Mr J R Middleton, CS, on being relieved by Mr Grant, to act as Collr and Magistrate of the district of Nasik, Dist Registrar, Nasik, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Nasik Dist.

Mr H Woodward, CS, on being relieved by Mr Middleton, to act as Collr and Magistrate of the district of the Panch Mahals, Dist Registrar, Panch Mahals, and Political Agent, Rewa Kantha and Narukot, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Panch Mahals Dist.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—Mr H R Cooke, CS, on his return to duty, to act as Collr and Magistrate of the district of Kaira, Dist Registrar, Kaira, and Political Agent, Cambay, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Kaira Dist; and Mr W Allen, CS, on being relieved by Mr Cooke, to act as Collr and Magistrate of the district of Broach, Dist Registrar, Broach, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Broach Dist.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J H Todd, CS, on being relieved by Mr Ebden, to act as Collr and Magistrate of the district of Ratnagiri, Dist Registrar, Ratnagiri, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Ratnagiri Dist.

Mr W L Harvey, CS, Assist Collr, Bijapur, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months, commencing from the 9th inst, or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

The following appointments are made in the Registration Depart :—

Broach District—Mr Durgaram Ganpatram, Offg Sub-Registrar of Jambusar, from 15th to 20th March 1889; Mr Nandkisor Bhukhandas, Offg Sub-Registrar of Amod, from 11th to 16th March 1889; and Mr Jagannath Balgovan, Offg Sub-Registrar of Anklesvar, from 17th to 23rd April, 1889.

Kolaba District—Mr Vasudev Balkrishna, Offg Sub-Registrar of Karanja, from 22nd to 28th March 1889.

Ahmednagar District—Mr Purshotam Narayan, Offg Sub-Registrar of Parner, from 22nd to 28th April 1889.

Karachi District—Mr Lillaram Shankatrai, Offg Sub-Registrar of Keti Bandar, from 16th July to 7th Aug 1888; and Mr Chatumal Tanvarsing, Offg Sub-Registrar of Keti Bandar, from 8th Aug 1888 to 29th Jan 1889.

Shikarpur.—District Mr Janjimal valad Jiandrai, Offg Sub-Registrar of Ubauro, from 4th to 14th April 1889.

Rao Bahadur Shrinivas Balaji Chitgubi, District Depy Collr, Nasik, is allowed an extension by fifteen days of the privilege leave for two months and fifteen days granted to him under Govt Notification No 2685, dated 8th April 1889.

Mr R G C Westbrook, Port and Customs Officer, Karwar, was in charge of the current duties of Assist Collr of Salt Revenue, Kanara, in addition to his own duties, from 13th to 20th Jan 1889, both days inclusive.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut Col T M Ward to act as Supt, Konkan Revenue Survey, during the absence of Col C W Godfrey, or pending under further orders.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Anna Gopal to act as Dep Collr, Thana Dist, during the absence of Rao Bahadur Keshavlal Hiralal on privilege leave or pending further orders.

Mr J L Lushington, Assist Supt, Deccan Revenue Survey, is promoted from the second to the first grade of Assist Supt, with effect from 16th May 1889.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Gov in Council is pleased to appoint Surgn W H Quicke to act as Medical Officer to the Kathiawar Political Agency and in charge of the West Hospital, Rajkot, during the absence of Surgn-Major F C Barker, MD, FRCS, (I), or pending further orders.

The services of Bgde-Surgn A Barry, MD, FRCS, are replaced at the disposal of Govt in the Military Dept, with effect from the 15th inst.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Surgn-Major W G H Henderson to be Civil Surgn, Ahmednagar, vice Surgn-Major E Colson, retired.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS, &c.

BY H M'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Rao Saheb Ranchodlal Kapurchand Desai, Subordinate Judge, second class, first grade, assumed charge of the office of Assist Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side, and Supt of the High Court Press on the 5th inst.

The Hon the Chief Justice and Judges of H M's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to admit Mr Vithaldas Mancharam Pakvasa as a Vakil of the High Court.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

Northern Division.—Mr C B Winchester, CS, delivered over and Mr Mohsin Badrudin Tyabji, CS, received charge of the office of the First Assist Collr, Surat, on the 27th ultimo.

Rao Bahadur Keshavalal Hiralal, Huzur Depy Collr, Thana, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month from such date in the current month as he may avail himself of it.

Central Division.—Rao Bahadur Nilkant Bhagwant Mule, Daftardar to the Collr of Khandesh, was allowed privilege leave from the 24th April to the 10th May 1889, both days inclusive.

Azam Ganesh Vyankatesh Jogiekar, Head Karkun, taluka Taloda, in the Khandesh Dist, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of the Nandurbar Taluka in the same district, during the absence on privilege leave of Rao Saheb Ganesh Ballal Mulekar, or until further orders.

Southern Division.—Rao Saheb Pandurang Narayan Deshpande, Probationary fourth grade Mamlatdar, is appointed to officiate as Mamlatdar and Magistrate of Mr Dinkar Govind Kale, Senior Depy Accountant in the Division, is appointed sub pro tem fourth grade Head Accountant, Kolaba.

Messrs H E Winter and A Crawley-Boevey respectively delivered over and received charge of the Dharwar Collectorate on the 3rd inst.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND ABKARI.

Mr M C Leckie relinquished charge of the office of the Assist Collr of Salt Revenue, Uran Range, on the 2nd ultimo, and Mr F W Butler received charge of the same office on the 29th idem, before office hours, Mr Nanabhai Muncherji having held charge in the interval.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

Govind Balkrishna, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Sirur Taluka, Poona Zilla, is transferred to Chiplun Taluka, Ratnagiri Zilla, with effect from 22nd May 1889, vice Vishwanath Anant, transferred.

Pocheti Laxuman, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Khed Taluka, Ratnagiri Zilla, is transferred to Sirur Taluka, Poona Zilla, on public grounds, with effect from 22nd May 1889, vice Govind Balkrishna, transferred.

Vishwanath Anant, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Chiplun Taluka, Ratnagiri Zilla, is transferred to Khed Taluka in the same Zilla, on public grounds, with effect from 22nd May 1889, vice Pocheti Laxuman, transferred.

Ranchod Kalian, second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kalol Taluka, Panch Mahals Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 11th to 25th May 1889 inclusive, and Ganpat Girdhar, Candidate Vaccinator, was appointed to act for him.

Trimbaklal Motilal, second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Jambusar Taluka, Broach Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 6th to 26th May 1889 inclusive.

Krishnaji Ramchandra, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Maval Taluka, Poona Zilla, is reduced to paid Candidate for three months, with effect from 20th May 1889.

Ramchandra Jiwaji, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Salsette Taluka, Thana Zilla, is appointed sub pro tem, Municipal Vaccinator, Bandra Town, with effect from 27th April 1889.

Jiwba Hiroji is appointed sub pro tem second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Salsette Taluka, Thana Zilla, with effect from 27th April 1889, vice Ramchandra Jiwaji, transferred.

BY THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT COMMISSIONER.

Col C W Godfrey and Mr R T Wingate respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Supt, Konkan Revenue Survey, on the 3rd inst.

Mr W S Price, Assist Settlement Officer, relinquished charge of his duties in the Gujarat Revenue Survey on the 31st ultimo.

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

Southern Circle—Mr Haripad Mitra, Sub-Asst Consvr of Forests, reported himself for duty on the 8th inst.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

Mr A M T Jackson, Assist Collr and third class Magistrate in the district of Nasik, is invested with additional powers under the Code of Criminal Procedure.

A'zam Sankalchand-Ravichand, First Karkun and third class Magistrate of Dholka, is invested with additional powers under the Code of Criminal Procedure.

BY COLLECTORS.

Mr. Vishwanath Parsharam Thatte, Police Accountant at Satara, is appointed to act as Mahalkari of petha Malcolmpeth in the Javli Taluka during the absence of the permanent incumbent on privilege leave for three months from the 20th inst.

HIGH COURT.—JUNE 14.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

494-88—Macfarlane, E and H—Rev T H Greigh and others vs Nanusha Jagoosha—Ardesir, H and D Part heard.

161-88—Thakurdas, D and C—Narayen Moroba and another vs Hurrichand Ramchunder—Mirza, H K—Part heard.

424-88—Ardesir, H and D—Cowasji Adurji Bamji vs Goolbai and others—D S Garud and in person.

464-88—Shamrao P—Jadeji Keshrisingji Bhowsingji vs Narotam Hurjowan and another—Bomanji and H.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS.)

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

107-87—Ardesir, H and D.—The Gooculdass Balabdas Manufacturing Co vs. James Scott and others.—Craigie, L., and O. Part heard.

THE WEATHER.

BOMBAY, JUNE 13.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A. M. TO-DAY.

Explanation of Columns in the Table.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature (32°) and also of the sea-level. The second column under the head "Pressure" gives the difference between the barometer reading of to-day and yesterday at each station, and + prefixed to the number implies that the barometer has risen and — that it has fallen.

2. The second column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, which is obtained by dividing by 24 the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade, or in a small shed with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a. m. The sixth column under the head "Temperature" gives the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature, and is approximately the mean temperature of the day. The seventh column gives the difference (with the proper sign) between the mean temperature of to-day and yesterday.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rate of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

5. The amount of cloud is expressed in terms of the numbers 0 to 10, 0 denoting a cloudless, and 10 an overcast sky.

6. The last column under the head "Rainfall" gives the difference with its proper sign between the actual rainfall from 16th May to date, and the average rainfall for the same period.

STATIONS.	Barometric Pressure. 8 a.m.	Barometric Pressure. Change in past 24 hours.	Barometric Pressure. Variation from mean of day.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Rate per hour.	Temperature in Shade. 8 a.m.	Temperature in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in Shade. Variation from mean of day.	Humidity.	Cloud.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Since 16th May to date.	Rainfall. Variation 16th May to date.
Delhi ...	29·602	—·054	+·092	E S E	2	83·7	107·7	77·6	—7·0	80	...	0·55	1·01	+0·26a
Agra ...	29·598	—·077	+·062	S E	3	84·7	91·5	78·6	—7·3	77	...	1·20	1·60	+0·80
Allahabad ...	29·614	—·052	+·096	N W	3	83·3	95·4	77·6	—7·6	77	2	0·17	1·34	+0·39
Jhansi ...	29·570	—·071	+·043	S W	3	85·5	91·4	75·4	—9·3	73	2	0·11	0·42	—0·77b
Jacobabad ...	29·511	+·076	+·042	E	7	94·3	105·5	90·7	+7·0	45	...	...	...	...c
Karachi ...	29·636	—·016	+·057	W N W	27	88·0	95·2	84·7	+2·7	69	1	...	0·02	+0·02d
Ajmere ...	29·709	+·030	+·088	W	3	74·8	87·2	74·6	—5·8	93	10	0·75	3·71	+2·99e
Deesa ...	29·675	—·001	+·054	W S W	17	85·7	97·7	81·8	+0·7	69	10	...	0·20	—0·07
Rajkot ...	29·716	+·018	+·077	W	3	84·9	95·5	79·6	+2·2	76	8	...	0·60	—0·20
Neemuch ...	29·698	—·018	+·068	W S W	11	79·2	90·2	75·7	—2·5	85	10	0·05	2·90	+1·83a
Indore ...	29·723	+·008	+·067	S W	10	76·3	95·1	72·1	—2·7	82	10	0·21	2·41	—0·81
Sangor ...	29·645	—·017	+·047	W S W	9	80·2	93·4	75·6	—2·3	74	6	0·02	0·83	—0·65f
Jubbulpore ...	29·635	—·043	+·046	W S W	5	84·8	97·0	77·6	—1·7	59	5	0·12	0·45	—1·71g
Hoshangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandva ...	29·745	+·002	+·085	W	16	77·8	96·7	76·8	—1·1	84	7	0·

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
41, MEADOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES.

By order of the mortgagee Damjee Chazhar and on account and at the risk of Joshi Bhimjee Hurriram, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th day of June, 1889, and sale to commence at 4 p. m. as follows, viz :—

LOT. No. 1.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land, together with the messuages, tenements or chawls standing thereon, situate at Worlee, in the Island of Bombay, on the west side of the Cleveland Road, in the registration sub-district of Mandvee, containing by admeasurement 2720 square yards, or more or less, and bounded as follows (i.e.) on the east by the Cleveland Road, on the south west by land belonging to late Henry Cleveland, Esq., and on the north by land lately in the occupation of the Bombay Tile Co, but now belonging to Hajee Abdool Lutifa Baladina and registered in the book of Collector of Land Revenue under No. 1-3226, and are now in the occupation of the said Bhimjee Hurriram, and his tenants, and assessed by the Collector of Municipality under Ward No. and street No.

P.S.—The above will be put up in seperate lot if considered desirable.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th day of June, 1889 and sale to commence at 4 p.m. as follows, viz :—

LOT No. 2.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land, situate on the Elphinstone Estate in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2)7 3-9 square yards, with messuage, tenements, buildings standing thereon, and bounded as follows (*i. e.*) on or towards the east by land leased to Nansey Heerjee, on or towards the west by land leased to Ahmed Hajee, on or towards the north by Clive Third Row, and on or towards the south by Clive Second Row, and assessed by the Collector of land Revenue under No. 3186, and were situate in the sub-district of Bombay, and were formerly in the occupation of the said Trustees and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality under Ward No Street No.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere and Nicholson, Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, June 14, 1889.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
7, MARINE STREET.

On SUNDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Claremond Villa," Dadar, the valuable and handsome F. P. blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome harmonium, by Alexandre, rich table ornaments, fancy China flower vases, Brussels carpets, Hink's patent table and hanging lamps, fancy pictures, &c., the property of F. W. HANSON, Esq.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

SALE OF DIAMONDS.

On MONDAY next, the 17th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on account of whom it may concern—

1 packet 16carats small diamonds.
1 ,, 192 stones, 1st choice 4½ carats.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 17th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
5 ,, ,, dhothies.
5 cases prints.
1 case Turkey red scarves.
1 single barrelled rifle.
1 ,, ,, carbine.
1 revolver with cartridges.
1 case 250 doz. boy's belts.
2 casks large and small bottles blue-black writing and copying ink.
1 case 300 doz. purses.
2 cases of perfumery consisting of eau-de cologne, lavendar water, assorted perfume, pomade, hair oil, cosmateque, violet powder, toothpaste, &c.

On account and at the risk of Mahomedally Ebrahim—
M E 481-82—2 cases fairy lamps.

On account of the concerned—
B R & B 7503—1375-77—3 cases toys, ex. Kaiser-i-Hind.
142 1 case mouth harmoniums, ex. Medusa.

B R & B—7505—1 case needles, ex. Maria Teresa.

By order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Sachadina Mahomedbhoy and Co., ex. s.s. D. Balduino, 1240 in diamond, 1871, 1 case velvet.

At 2 p. m.

1 handsome strong second brougham.
1 strong office shigram.
1 handsome victoria, with moveable coach-box.
1 handsome high caste Arab horse, 14-3 height, going in single and double harness, owner proceeded to Europe.
1 English-built pony cart, with C. B. bay pony, 13-1½, about 7 years and harness.
1 tricycle, and any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Meadow Street, Fort, the remaining stock in trade of Messrs. Haji Mahomed Hoosein and Co., consisting of China and Japanese ware, such as flower vases and jars, card plates, trays, tea and coffee cups and saucers, teapots, toilet boxes, powder boxes, &c.

The property is on view.

On SATURDAY next, the 20th instant, sale commencing at 1 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Middle Colaba, opposite the post office, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood, household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, China and Japanese flower vases, fancy pictures, Brussels and Persian carpets, Hink's K. O. hanging and table lamps, &c., the property of J. W. H. SANDELL, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, June 14 1889

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 6, Colaba Causeway, Lower Colaba, near the Apollo Hotel, the very valuable and handsome black and teakwood French-polished substantial made artistic household furniture, made to order by Wimbridge and John Roberts', best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a first-rate mahogony grand square sympathetic pianoforte, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, nearly new, very rich real handpainted wall plaques, handsome real oil paintings in rich gilt frames, table, hanging and wall kerosine lamps, by Ph. de Kraust, real velvet carpets, very rich Doulton, Dresden, Kanga and Satsuma table ornaments, &c. &c., the property of M. BRESLAUER, Esq.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of very handsome Arab horses, suitable for single and double harness.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 1-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms about 20 horses, the property of H. H. the Aga Khan reducing his steed.

Consisting of Arabs, Australians, galloways, ponies, &c. all go in single and double harness. The horses are from 6 to 8 years old, and are between 14·1 and 14·3 height.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of the mortgagee and on account and risk of the mortgagor, Bomanjee Eduljee Soonawalla.

1 Iron Double door Fire proof safe with Chubb's patent lock by John Lord on stand.
1 Iron single door French Fire proof safe with keys.
1 Eight days clock, striking hours, half-hour, and quarter hours.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 Handsome strong English built glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 Second hand office shigram.
1 Powerful bay arab, 14-2, goes in saddle and harness.
1 Strong second-hand landau in good order.
1 pair chesnut arab horses, 14-3, 7 years old, goes in single and double harness.
1 powerful grey walor saddle horse, age, 11 years, height about 15-2, regularly ridden, a good fencer.
1 strong large Paaeton in good order.

On MONDAY next, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome black and teakwood french-polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first rate oleograph and pictures, a handsome strong English-built C-spring landau, a strong English-built brougham and a park phaeton, rich Brussels and velvet carpets, handsome Hink's patent table and hanging karosine lamps, &c., the property of a Parsee gentleman.

The propety is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction "The Towers," Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany cottage pianoforte by C. Marcks and Co., handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oleographs and pictures, &c., the property of W. CRUICKSHANK, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LAW LIBRARY.

On WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, and the following days, at 2 p.m. each day, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Medows Street, Fort, below Mr. N. M. Petit's Office, and opposite to Messrs, Mehrjee, Johnston and Co., the very valuable law library, office furniture, iron safe, &c., &c., the property of the late Mr. MORESHWAR LUXMONJEE, Solicitor.

Catalogues are published, and the books are on view.

N. B.—Many of the books are out of print, and they are well worth the attention of lawyers.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, June 14, 1889.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,
APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 1-30 p.m., Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their sale rooms, the valuable and handsome blackwood, teakwood and satin inlaid household furniture, the property of a gentleman. Also table and hanging lamps of various descriptions, iron bedsteads, steel trunks, musical boxes, a piano by J. C. Doring, bentwood chairs, one skittle table, bysicle, jewellery, several sets of harness, and other articles too numerous to detail.

SHERIFF, SON & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, June 14, 1889

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES
ARE OUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.

AMERICAN DENTAL ROOMS.

THOSE who suffer from offensive breath issuing from the mouth, thus causing unpleasantness in societies, can have this evil efficiently and permanently removed only by means of "Compressed Air" as discovered by Dr. Burgess and commonly used in America.—Dr. Bode, American Dental Rooms, Fort, 29, Church Street.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

Can supply every requisite for the entire furnishing of Houses, and will be glad to send samples and designs free of charge.
18, Marine St., Bombay.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF COTTONFLY AND DROPPING.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Ookerda Khetsey Spinning Mill, near Parel, Curry Road Station, by order of Mr. Ookerda Khetsey, and on account and risk of contractor, Sha Govaljee Ramjee, consisting of a quantity of cottonfly and dropping.

SALE of REMAINING STOCK-IN-TRADE of VALUABLE WOOLEN and FANCY PIECE-GOODS, DRAPERY, HABERDASHERY, &c.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Shop No. 269, and godowa Nos. 29-31, Jackaria Masjid, (near Mandvie), by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, High Court and Assignee for the estate and effects of Memon Esmail Allana, an insovent. Sale will resume from Lot No. 401.

SALE OF THE ORIENTAL PRINTING PRESS.

On TUESDAY, the 18th June 1889, at 2 p.m., Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction the above press as going concern at the premises, Forbes Street, by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Receiver in Suit No. 84 of 1889, unless previously disposed of by private sale.

An inventory of the said press and materials can be seen at the office of the undersigned.

Arrangements will be made by the undersigned on application to show the premises, &c., to intending purchasers.

Private offers may be sent to C. A. Turner, Esq., up to the 15th June 1889.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES ON THE ELPHINSTONE LAND ESTATE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Dossabhoy Dadabhoy Allbless, and with the consent of Charles Agnew Turner, Esqr., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of the mortgagors, Messrs. Lang Moir and Co., the following valuable leasehold properties.

First.—All that piece of land, situate on the Elphinstone Land Estate, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2)7 3-9 square yards, with messuage, tenements, buildings standing thereon, and bounded as follows (*i. e.*) on or towards the east by land leased to Nansey Heerjee, on or towards the west by land leased to Ahmed Hajee, on or towards the north by Clive Third Row, and on or towards the south by Clive Second Row, and assessed by the Collector of land Revenue under No. 3186, and were situate in the sub-district of Bombay, and were formerly in the occupation of the said Trustees and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality under Ward No Street No.

And secondly.—All that piece or strip of land situate to the north of Coorla Street on the aforesaid Elphinstone Land Estate in the Island of Bombay, being 108 feet in length and 1½ feet in breadth, containing by admeasurement 18 square yards, and abutting and adjoining the eastern boundary of the piece of land hereinbefore first described, and which strip of land is now in the occupation of the said mortgagors or their tenants, and which is demised to the mortgagors by the Trustees of the Port of Bombay by an Indenture of Lease, dated the 8th day of February 1833, for the term of 50 years, from the said 8th day of September 1831 at the monthly rent of Rs. 1-8, for the first 10 years of the term, at the monthly rent of Rs. 3-8 during the next 10 years thereof, and at the monthly rent of Rs. 3 during the remainder of the said term. The purchaser will take the property subject to the sanction of the Port Trustees.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

SALE OF VALUABLE BUILDING LAND AT GUNBOW STREET AND HORNBY ROW, FORT.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th July, 1889, at 4 p.m., on the premises, the following valuable plots of building land offered for sale by Public Auction, situate at Gunbow Street, and Hornby Row, and in lots Nos. 111 A, 2, 3 and 4—

Lot No. 1 comprising an area of ...	101·30	square yards.
,, 1 A ,, the right to arcade over the street and over an area of	42·50	,,
,, 2 do. an area of	73·36	,,
,, 3 do. do.	23·83	,,
,, 4 do. do.	42·23	,,
Total.....	286·72	square yards.

The land is bounded on the north by the property of Mr. Sorabjee Cowasjee Mody, on the south by Gunbow Street, on the east by vacant land forming part of Gubow Street, and on the west by the Hornby Row, and the said land is assessed under Collector's old Nos. 283 and 580, new Nos. 2562 and 5183 old Survey Nos. 23 and 24, and new Survey Nos. 893-2 and 8903, and Municipal Assessment ward Nos. 1810-1811, Street Nos. 10 and 12, Gunbow Street, and Nos. 81 and 83, Hornby Row. The land will first be put up for sale in one lot, and in the event of the biddings not reaching the reserve price to be fixed by the Commissioner, it will be again put up in the several lots shown on the plan, lots 1 and 1 A being sold together.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 361 OF 1888.

Bapty Brothers and Company, Limited, a Joint Stock Company having its registered office at Falkland Road, without the Fort of Bombay..Plaintiffs.
vs.
Shapurji Rustomji Aretinwalla, residing at No. 12 Gunbowa Lane, within the Fort, and Naroji Pallonji Kapadia, residing at Colombo, Ceylon, and carrying on business in Bombay under the name and style of Shapurji Rustomji Aretinwalla and Co., and Charles Agnew Turner, Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of the said Shapurji Rustomji Aretinwalla, an Insolvent .....Defendants.

Whereas by a Decree made in the above suit on the 27th day of September 1888, it was ordered that the Defendants should pay to the Plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 16,502-5-7 for debt and interest and the costs of this suit when taxed, and further simple interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the amount of the said judgment from the date of the said Decree until payment.

And whereas by a warrant of attachment of moveable property, dated 11th day of October 1888, the following moveable property was attached amongst other things, namely—One blackwood carved cupboard, one reading lamp, two blackwood cots, pictures, clocks, empty glass jars, copper handas, brass lotas, cupboards, school and reading books, pamphlets, chairs, China saucers, soup plates, dinner plates, empty bottles of sizes, empty stone jars, copper lotas, and tapalas earthen jars with pickles, large empty boxes, &c., &c.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified on Monday, the 1st day of July 1889, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the warrant for sale of moveable property issued in the above suit on the 15th day of May 1889, put up for sale by Public Auction at the rooms of Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co, Auctioneers, No 4, Forbes Street, Fort, the moveable property aforesaid or so much thereof as shall be necessary for the satisfaction of the said Decree.

Each lot to be paid for at the time of sale.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 13th day of June 1889.

JAVERILAL UMIASHANKER YAJNIK,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs LITTLE, SMITH, FRERE & NICHOLSON,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, June 14, 1889.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 13.

ON the re-opening of the London Stock Exchange yesterday after the holidays, Consols declined ⅛ per cent., notwithstanding that half a million in Gold had been paid into the Bank of England. The price of Silver in London was ⅛d. per oz. lower than it closed at last Friday, at 42d.; but £67⅜ for ¼Fours and £70½ for 4½ per cents. were still the rates for Rupee Securities. Indian Sterling Loan remained at 108½. In Paris, French Rentes were still quoted at 85½; but Exchange on London was 1½ centimes higher, at francs 25·19½.

At the weekly biddings for Council Bills yesterday, about 6½ lakhs were allotted to Calcutta, 3½ lakhs to Bombay, and 4½ lakhs to Madras, at 1s. 4 1-16d.; and 25 lakhs of Wire Transfers to Calcutta and 5¾ lakhs to Madras at 1s. 4 3-32d, these rates showing a decline of 1-32d. in the Bills and of 1-16d. to 3-32d. in the Transfers on those obtained at the last weekly sales. It is announced that only 40 lakhs will be allotted next Wednesday.

The General Produce Markets re-opened with prices unaltered all round. Wheat was quiet; Linseed quiet and easier; and Rapeseed dull; and at closing rates showed no change.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady yesterday evening after a moderate day's business, the total sales having amounted to 8,000 bales, inclusive of 400 Surats. Mid-American remained at 6d. per lb. and Surats were quite unchanged; but American Arrivals, though unaltered for Sept.-Oct. deliveries, were 1-32d. higher for June-July and 1-64d. up in all other positions. The Manchester Market was quiet.

In New York September Futures were 2 points lower, at 10·13 cents; but the spot price was unaltered at 11 13-16 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. ports were *nil*, and the figures to date now give the following comparison with those of the previous two years :—

	1889.	1888.	1887.
Wednesday's Receipts...	.....	2,100	300
Four days' Receipts ...	3,000	12,800	2,400
Since 1st Sept. 1888.....5,468,000		5,399,800	5,180,500

With nothing much from the governing markets to influence ours to-day, transactions in Cotton have continued upon a small scale here, having been confined to a few hundred bales each of Bengals at Rs. 200-4, Wudwan at Rs. 210-10½, and Dharwar at Rs. 222, and a little Nuggar at Rs. 213 per candy. A line of Bengals of the next crop, for January delivery, is reported to have been booked at Rs. 179½-89½ per candy.

The Wheat and Seed Markets have remained closed to-day owing to the death of a Maharaj.

The receipts into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	3,951	bales.
Wheat	20,678	cwt.
Linseed	12,412	,,
Rapeseed	2,715	,,
Poppyseed	724	,,
Groundnuts	710	,,
Castor seed	1,087	,,

FREIGHTS are quiet but fairly steady at previous quotations for ready business; there is, however, very little cargo offering, and we have no fresh business of importance to report.

EXCHANGE opened at an apparent advance of 1-32d. on last evening's closing rates, but in the course of the morning, with no Bills offering above yesterday's quotation, and with some demand for Bank Paper at the higher rate, we recurred to yesterday's level, and business was done in several directions at 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. 1s. 4¼d. is reported to have been done in the same Paper for February delivery. We quote ready :—

Bank Bills on demand...	1s. 4 3-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic.....	1s. 4 1-16d. to 3-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight.	1s. 4 5-32d.	,,
Credits do.	..... 1s. 4 7-32d.	,,
Francs do.	..... 1·70¼d.	,,

The usual weekly official Statement respecting Silver at the Mint gives the following figures :—

Value of Silver in the Mint on 5th June 1889..Rs.	60,73,275	
Rs.	61,47,423	
New coin paid during the week	20,02,771	
Rs.	41,44,652	
Bullion belonging to private individuals.....	11,92,595	
Rs.	53,37,247	
Last week..... ,,	60,87,220	

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been rather strong to-day, and a good deal has been done in Fours for Money at 100⅛, which was the closing rate. For the next settlement there have been buyers throughout the day at 100 7-16 and for the end of July account at 100⅜, and business is reported on both lines. For 4½ per cent. Paper 104½ is still named.

SHARES.—More animation has been observable in this market again to-day as far as Mill shares are concerned; and we have to report the following changes in that scrip. Madras United and Presidency are Rs. 50 up at Rs. 2,050 and Rs. 1,115; Dhun and Morarji Gokuldas have advanced Rs. 10 each, at Rs. 1,025 for the former and Rs. 1,225 for the latter; Luckmidas Khimjee are Rs. 7½ higher, at Rs. 1,017½; Alliance, Framji Petit, Imperial, Manockji Petit, and Oriental are Rs. 5 higher, at Rs. 610, Rs. 595, Rs. 575, Rs. 1,225, and Rs. 425, respectively. On the other hand, Colaba Land and Mill are Rs. 20 down, at Rs. 755; and Star of India are Rs. 15 down, at Rs. 915. Breul's Cawnpore Press shares are Rs. 30 higher, at Rs. 130; Mofussil Press are Rs. 2½, up at Rs. 445 for share.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
		Rs.	Rs.		
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	987½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	1,000
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	935
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shang. Banking Corporation	60,000	3,125	..	17½ do.	619
National Bank of India.....	37,320	250	125	5 do.	149

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,030
Empire Fire Insurance Co	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,900

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	...	£100	All	at 5 p.c	2,590
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent...	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	475

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,200
Albert Ginning Co....	100	500	500	Rs. 20	450
Albert Pess Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	720
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	265
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	325
Breul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld.....	0	20	20	Rs. 16	130
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	135
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 265	380
East India Press Co...	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,070
English Press & Mfg. Co., Ld.....	400	259	..		215
Fort Press Co.....	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,500
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	550
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.....	450	500	500	Rs. 25	412½
Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	360
Manmar Manfg. Co....	1,000	250	250	Rs. 0	243½
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	660
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	445
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,330	500	500	Rs. 0	560
New Indian Press.....	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80
Prince of W. Press ...	600	500	100	Rs. 30	380
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.).....	500	500	500	Rs. 50	290
Sind Press Co.....	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	405
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.....	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.....	300	500	50	Rs. 25	500
Volkart Press.....	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	640

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BIRTH.

TEASDALE—June 6, at Shahranpore, the wife of T W Teasdale, of a son.

DEATHS.

BARNETT—June 6, at Calcutta, Ida M ., only daughter of John Long, Esq., Wilmington, Illinois, W S A. and dearly beloved wife of W C Barnett, Calcutta, of consumption, aged 2? years.

KEMP—June 5, at Allahabad, Charles George Kemp, late of the Inland Customs Department, aged 60 years.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1889.

IN the financial year 1888-89 the revised estimates for the cost of the village police in the Bombay Presidency amounted to Rs. 3,62,000. This is not a very great sum as compared with the thirty three lakhs for which the maintenance of the district police throughout the Presidency is responsible; but it is sufficien tly large to warrant some inquiry into the results obtained from its expenditure. Unfortunately, while the statistics relating to every detail of the regular police, bristling as they do with averages, percentages, and all kinds of abstruse calculations, appear to an ordinary mind altogether superabundant, the information that is available concerning the village police is exceedingly meagre and incomplete. The voluminous reports that appear year after year on the working of the police and the fluctuations of crime make no allusion at all to a body that we should expect to be a valuable adjunct to the blue-clad guardians of the peace. Yet the subject is by no means an uninteresting one. The village police are an institution that existed for centuries before India came under the rule of Mahomedan or Christian conquerors. Closely connected with the Hindu tenure of land on the one hand and the system of caste on the other, the village community, presided over by its patel or headman, formed from time immemorial a miniature republic in itself. Under the Hindu Governments the patel was responsible for the maintenance of order in his village. His office was dignified and much sought after. All ordinary offences he was empowered to deal with on his own authority; more important matters had to be reported to the deshmukh or other superior officer of Government. In order to assist him in the discharge of his official functions, the patel was assisted by a subordinate establishment, the most important member of which was the Mhar, or menial servant, who, although an outcaste, enjoyed a responsible position in the village. After the Mhar came the ordinary village watchmen, known in some districts as Jaglias, in others as Shet Sanadis or Walikars, who varied in number according to the size of the village. Payment to each of their officials in land, money, or more commonly grain was made by the village community. On the country coming into the hands of the English, the Government promptly realised the value of the village system, and has from first to last studiously endeavoured to preserve its integrity. The patel is at once the representative of the people and the agent of Government. He is the official head of what has now come to be known as the village police, the Mhar and the watchmen forming his underlings.

The position of the police patel, to give him his full official designation, has been carefully defined in the Village Police Act, No. VIII of 1867; and his powers, duties, and responsibilities are laid down with the utmost clearness. Besides the provisions of this Act, the police patel is authorised under Chapter XIV of the Criminal Procedure Code to hold investigations, commonly known as panchnamas, on receiving information that a person has committed suicide, or been killed in any way, or died under suspicious circumstances. Under the Village Police Act the police patel is directed to keep the nearest Magistrate constantly informed as to the state of crime and all matters connected with the village police, the health and general conditions of the community in his village, to afford all police officers every assistance in his power in the performance of their duty, to prevent within the limits of his village the commission of offences, and to detect and bring offenders to justice. He is furthermore to dispose of the village establishment so as to afford the utmost possible security against robbery and breach of the peace. Every police patel is authorized to try, and on conviction punish with confinement in the village chauki for twenty-four hours any persons charged with petty assault or abuse; and he may be authorised by the District Magistrate to punish with a fine of five rupees or confinement for forty-eight hours any person convicted of mischief or petty theft, or refusal to obey any lawful order issued by himself. It is thus obvious that Government has been at no little pains to maintain the ancient dignity and prestige of the police patel, and has vested him with considerable powers. What the public would like to know is how far the theory is reduced to practice; in how many instances the additional powers that may be conferred upon a patel are so conferred, in how many cases persons are punished and to what extent the village police are really instrumental in detecting crime. As far as the latter point is concerned, there is reason to believe that the village police are extremely useful, and that they do more than a moiety of the work for which the district police get the credit.

On the other hand, in Khandesh and other backward districts there is grave reason to suspect that, so far from assisting the regular police, the patels are actually in league with the criminal classes, and share their spoil. Much has been said from time to time about improving the status and the efficiency of the village police; and suggestions have been made for doing away with a large portion of the regular force and making the village police really responsible. The idea is to leave enough armed police for the purpose of guarding prisoners and treasure and to act as a reserve, and apart from them to maintain in each taluka only a chief constable and a few head constables who would direct the agency of the village police. By this a large sum would be saved annually in the pay, clothing, pension charges, and maintenance of buildings on account of the district police. If, however, the pay of the village police were simultaneously raised, in however small a degree, their enormous numbers would increase the total expended on them to an excessive amount. The proposal, however, is one that deserves due consideration. Hitherto discussion on the subject has appeared more or less futile from a want of accurate knowledge on the actual present condition of the village officers. In these days of commissions we would hardly advocate the formation of another to investigate the matter; but the District Magistrates and Superintendents of Police might be directed to report on the subject generally, and give definite proposals that might suggest themselves to them for the improvement of the village establishment. These suggestions might be considered in committee at Poona during the rains; and any scheme that should be deemed feasible brought into force tentatively in one or more of the Deccan districts, where the village establishments are better organised than elsewhere.

IT is satisfactory to learn that the social reforms resolved upon in the Rajputana States at the initiative of Colonel C. K. M. Walter, Agent to the Governor-General, are being carried out honestly and intelligently. It will be remembered that at a meeting held at Ajmere on the 10th of March last year rules were framed to regulate the expenditure on the marriage and funeral ceremonies of the Rajput Sirdars. A special committee was appointed in each State to see that the rules were carried out. The report of the general committee issued this year shows that the ceremonies connected with the one hundred and sixty-one marriages were conducted according to the rules, while only in the case of thirty-three rules were disregarded. In regard to funerals, the proportion was even more satisfactory, the number conducted according to the rules being one hundred and thirty-six, while those disregarding the rules were seventeen. These marriages and funerals took place in a period of about eleven months after the rules were agreed upon. Breaches of the rules have entailed inquiry, remonstrance, and the penalty of a fine. In certain of the States the measures taken to enforce the rules have been to a certain extent lax. But there is a general desire to support the rules, and in the course of time they will be generally carried out with greater zeal. The committee tender to Colonel Walter their warmest thanks for laying the foundation-stone of a benevolent system, which will relieve the present and future generations "from a cumbrous load of oppressive custom from which they had no hope of escape" until Colonel Walter showed them the way. From some of the districts no returns have been received; but those sent in from others furnish some curious and suggestive details. At Oodeypore a marriage was celebrated against the rules; the girl's father was fined Rs. 100, and the bridegroom Rs. 50. The rules regarding funeral ceremonies were violated in two instances in the same district, and the fines amounted to Rs. 500 and Rs. 100 respectively. In the State of Kerowli two Thakurs engaged their daughters under the age prescribed and shabbily took Rs. 150 each from the boys' fathers. As the betrothals had been settled upon before the rules came into operation, the erring parents were let off with an admonition upon their giving written agreements if they would observe the rules in future. Another Thakur betrothed his daughter at the age of ten. He was fined Rs. 1-4 and cautioned. Still another Thakur betrothed his little daughter, five years old, to a man of thirty-five. In this case the marriage is postponed. The gifts distributed at marriage are on the whole moderate. In one case they amounted to Rs. 6-12. On the other hand, in Kishengar Rs. 550 were spent in three marriages, but in others nothing appears to have been given. A certain jaghirdar expended an amount on the marriage of his daughter to a bridegroom living in Jhallawar which entailed a long and costly procession This was an extenuating circumstance, owing to which he was not punished. In Jeypore a man who desired to marry a second wife was not allowed to do so for reasons which will be for the English reader conclusive and satisfactory. He was forty-five years old, had a wife alive, and one son by her. Clearly he ought to be satisfied. Anyhow he has not been permitted to marry again. In another case a fine was inflicted for extravagance in the expenditure on marriage, and other like cases are still pending. In Jodhpore a jaghirdar spent Rs. 400-10 more than the fixed limit, and was fined Rs. 200-5, half the amount of the excess. A greedy Charan who went into a neighbouring territory to get marriage gifts was fined Rs. 100. In Bikaneer in four cases prudent persons inquired the limit of marriage expenses. They received the information, with the caution not to do anything contrary to the rules. The local committee of Bikaneer report grimly that the processions have not come back, but inquiries will be made on their return. Clearly there is a determination to enforce the rules, and even to make them more stringent. Supplementary rules were framed in February last dealing with divers matters not already provided for. The committee, it was determined, shall be henceforth known as the Walterkrit Rajputra Hitkarini Sabha. The most remarkable of the supplementary rules is the first one, which provides that no second marriage shall take place during the lifetime of the first wife, unless she is inflicted with incurable disease or has no offspring. On the other hand, guardians are

TELEGRAMS.

THE DECCAN MINING DIFFICULTY.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S PROPOSALS REJECTED.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 13.

I AM informed on reliable authority that the India Office declines to sanction the proposals of the Government of India as to the settlement of the Deccan Mining Concessions. It strongly opposes the extension of the concessions, and favours the Nawab Mehdi Ali's proposals. An *ex parte* statement in the *Times* of the 7th instant has evidently damaged the prospects of Mehdi Hassan's Scheme. Parliamentary action on the matter is being arranged.

THE *TIMES'* STATEMENTS.

(CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, JUNE 13.

The *Times* publishes the history of the negotiations since August last between H. H. the Nizam and the concessionaires of the Hyderabad Deccan Company. It states that the report of the Parliamentary Committee, while regretting having to disapprove certain circumstances connected with the inception of the Deccan undertaking did not propound a remedy, but left the parties concerned to decide what ulterior action should be taken to establish a *modus vivendi* between the Hyderabad Government and the Company. The practical result of the negotiations is an agreement recently telegraphed from India, to which it is believed the sanction of the Secretary of State is pending.

How the negotiations were conducted is revealed in papers placed at the disposal of the *Times*. Last August Mehdi Ali, representing the Nizam, placed the case, after consulting with the Indian Office, with Messrs. Freshfield, and the opinion of counsel, Mr. Pollard, was that it was within the power of the Nizam either to affirm or disaffirm the concession.

Messrs. Freshfield did not share this opinion, stating they were unable altogether to concur in Mr. Pollard's views. They infinitely preferred arriving at a compromise rather than commence the proceedings. In October Mehdi Ali returned to India. His place was taken by Mehdi Hassan. Great care, says the *Times*, must be taken in distinguishing between these two officials. The credit of the recent arrangement belongs exclusively to Mehdi Hassan and Messrs. Freshfield acting under instructions from the Nizam and the Prime Minister, Sir Asman Jah, as long ago as November 2nd drew the heads of the arrangement which formed the basis of everything since done. These points embodied the recent agreement providing the addition of £150,000 to the capital in the form of deferred shares. In December Mehdi All reappeared with a supplementary report, but admitted that cancelling the concession was now out of the question. His only remedy was a policy of indifference and inaction which the Acting Resident apparently supported, writing:—"My advice is not to take heroic measures and not attempt to cancel the concession by litigation; still less cancel it by a summary State edict; but simply sit still and refrain from co-operating with the company in any way or supporting the operations in any respect except at Singareni." At this stage the opinion of another counsel was taken, Mr. Finlay giving an unfavourable decision respecting the Nizam's power to cancel the concession. The opinion left no practical alternative to the conclusion to effect a compromise with the concessionaires.

Passing reference is made to Mehdi Hassan's masterly despatches, which successfully vindicate his honour from aspersion.

The correspondence ends with Asman Jah's despatch to the British Resident, dated February 12th, wherein the Minister expresses his obligations for Mr. Howell's assistance, although he arrived at other conclusions.

After briefly summarising the alternatives Sir Asman Jah says he is in favour of accepting the propositions of the concessionaires to pay £150,000 in cash as a practical politic solution of the difficulty.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

NEWS OF STANLEY.

LONDON, JUNE 12.

According to letters that have been received at Zanzibar from Mr. Stanley, dated 2nd December, from Ururi, on the southern shore of the Victoria Nyanza, he rejoined Emin Pacha at Unyara, on the northern shore, having lost many of his followers from sickness and scarcity of provisions. Mr. Stanley arrived at Ururi with some invalids and since this nothing further is known of his movements.

GERMANY AND SWITZERLAND.

BERLIN, JUNE 12.

The incident in connection with the arrest of Herr Wohlzemuth in Switzerland on the charge of having induced a Swiss tailor named Luz to act as an *Agent Provocateur* among the German Socialists in Switzerland, and the treatment which he received in prison at Rheinfelden, has resulted in Germany threatening the Swiss Government with reprisals should the latter fail to satisfy the claims for compensation made on behalf of Herr Wohlzemuth.

SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN.

LONDON, JUNE 13.

Sir Lepel Griffin will read a paper at the Colonial Institute on Tuesday next on the relations existing between the Native Princes of India and the British Government.

ILLNESS OF THE MARQUIS OF DUFFERIN.

The Marquis of Dufferin and Ava has been suffering from a gastric complaint, but is now gradually mending.

TERRIBLE RAILWAY ACCIDENT AND LOSS OF LIFE.

A terrible railway accident occurred yesterday at Armagh. Two excursion trains full of school-children were ascending the incline there, when the hind portion of the first train became detached and descended with great velocity, smashing into the train which was following. The effects of the collision were appalling, seventy of the children being killed on the spot, whilst thirty were injured.

THE BOULANGIST MOVEMENT.

PARIS, JUNE 12.

M. Laguerre and the other Deputies who were arrested for making inflammatory speeches in the streets have been released with an admonition.

MR. PHILLIP'S CONNECTION WITH THE *CALCUTTA REVIEW*.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 13.

The *Pioneer* says that a Despatch drawing attention to the question asked in Parlia ment about Mr. Phillip's connection with the *Calcutta Review* has been received. It will be forwarded to the Bengal Government for inquiry as to whether the rules have been observed.

THE NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Some seventeen lakhs of rupees are to be expended during the current financial year on the main line of the North-Western Railway and its frontier extension.

DEATH OF THE MAHARAJAH OF BENARES.

In connection with the mobilisation scheme new sidings will be laid down and more crossing stations arranged for, in order to meet heavy traffic inseparable from the movement of large bodies of troops and great quantities of supplies.

The death is announced this morning of the Maharajah of Benares, who came to the *gadhi* in the year 1835.

SALT.

The issues of salt for the last month or two have been particularly good, and the general financial prospects satisfactory.

ILLNESS OF THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 13.

H. E. the Governor is suffering from a sharp attack of malarial fever contracted by the recent exposure, and was consequently detained for a day at Aska.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

LONDON, JUNE 12.

The Bombay Mails of the 28th ult. arrived at Brindisi to day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, JUNE 12.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ranald arrived here this evening.

SUEZ, JUNE 12.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Drummond from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo arrived here this morning.

PLYMOUTH, JUNE 12.

P. and O. Company's steamer Victoria arrived here this morning.

ZANZIBAR, JUNE 13.

His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar's s. s. Malacca reached here yesterday, and the s. s. Avoca left here for Bombay on the 21st instant.

COLOMBO, JUNE 12.

Mail steamer Bombay, from China, arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 12.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4⅜

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 3⅛d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	98¼
3 per cent. French Rentes	86⅓
4 per cent. Rupee paper	67⅜
4½ per cent. „	70¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108½
Bar Silver	42

The sum of about £500,000 has been paid into the Bank of Bombay.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, JUNE 12.

10 p.m.	82·8

THURSDAY, JUNE 13.

6 a.m.	82·7
10 a.m.	85·6
2 p.m.	87·3
4 p.m.	87·0

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

(JUNE 13.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, June 13.—Pressure has decreased in the whole of Northern India, the Central Provinces, Berar, Khandesh, in the north of the Bay, and Burma, and has risen over the peninsula, Guzerat, and Sind. The depression which lay over Central Bengal yesterday has advanced towards the north-north-eastward to the neighbourhood of Dhubri, otherwise the distribution has changed little and is fairly normal. Wind directions are fairly normal, except in Bengal, where they are unusually westerly. Temperature is inclined to rise, except in Burma, the Bombay Presidency, and Central India. The mean temperature is low for the time of the year, except in Burma and Madras. Rain is general, except in the Punjab and the Circars, but the amounts are only moderate or light.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Colaba. In. cts.
Previously registered	5 80	7 79	7 32	7 93
June 12, Wednesday	...	...	...	0 51
„ 13, Thursday	0 9	0 11	0 5	...
Total	5 89	7 90	7 37	8 44
Total of corresponding date last year	3 63	3 88	3 35	5 65

LIFE AND HOPE IN HOT WEATHER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDNAGAR, JUNE 10.

I THINK we may congratulate ourselves on having seen the last of the hot weather, for although the monsoon has not regularly set in, we have had several thunderstorms and a good deal of rain, and this, with the clouds hanging overhead, keeps the atmosphere fairly cool. The past hot season has been a most trying one—in fact, the "oldest inhabitant" does not recollect ever having experienced such heat before. Generally speaking, the hot season in Ahmednagar is so mild that the tatties and punkas, considered so necessary in most up-country stations, are hardly used here. Consequently, when an unusually hot season, such as the one we have just experienced, takes us by surprise, we have to suffer considerable discomfort. But human nature is selfish, and our sufferings have been considerably mitigated by the knowledge, culled from the weather reports, that most other up-country stations have been many degrees hotter than ours has been. The excessive heat of the past season is, of course, to be attributed to last year's scanty rainfall. There has been a great dearth of water all over the district, and in Ahmednagar itself even drinking water is running short. Prices have in consequence run up, and forage of every kind became dear—in fact, good grass is hardly to be had for love or money, and horses are being fed on kirbi instead.

Notwithstanding the heat we have managed to enjoy life fairly well. There have been weekly paper-chases, and we have had two subscription dances in the gymkhana, both of which were fairly well attended by the beauty, fashion, and gilded youth of the station.

Mr. Waddington, our popular Collector, gave a large entertainment on the night of the 4th inst. in honor of the anniversary of Eton, his *alma mater*. The pretty programme cards distributed on the occasion bore the device "Floreat Etona," showing that time, change, and distance had not lessened our worthy Collector's interest in his old school, nor dimmed for him the pleasant memories of "the days that are not." It goes without saying that an entertainment given by such indefatigable and hospitable hosts—Mr. and Mrs. Waddington—was a great success. The evening's amusements were of a two-fold character, the first part consisting of amateur theatricals, the second of dancing.

The programme of the theatricals was as follows:—

UNCLE'S WILL.

Mr. Barker	Major Paull.
Mr. Chasmore	Mr. Randolph.
Miss Marigold	Miss Maude Hoghton.

CREATURES OF IMPULSE.

Sergeant Klooque	Captain Swann.
Boomblehardt	Mr. Hoghton.
Peter	Mr. Dalyell.
Jacques	Mr. Thompson.
Martha	Mrs. Swann.
Pipette	Miss Waddington.
A Strange Old Lady	Miss Randolph.

In "Uncle's Will" Miss Hoghton made a most charming Miss Marigold, acting the part of the coquettish "young maid who did not know her mind" to the life, and it was little to be wondered at that Mr. Chasmore, in spite of his determination to the contrary, succumbed in the end to the charms of his cousin. Miss Hoghton was ably backed up throughout the whole piece by Mr. Randolph and Major Paull—to the latter gentleman belongs the credit of having coached up all the performers in their various parts.

"Creatures of Impulse" was also most successfully rendered, Mrs. Swann's acting as Martha was all that could be desired, while Pipette with her airs and coquetries quite fetched the house. Captain Swann as Sergeant Klooque was a dashing soldier, but his singing was the most telling part of his performance with the audience. If he had any fault in singing, it lay in the fact that he opened his mouth rather widely. However, considering the immense volume of sound which he emitted, that fault was quite excusable. The get-up and acting of Mr. Hoghton and Miss Randolph in their respective characters of Boomblehardt and the Strange Old Lady was remarkably good; but I think, without detracting from the praise due to others, I may say that Mr. Dalyell as Peter carried the palm and brought the house down. This gentleman possesses decided histrionic talent, and his advent is a great addition to the amateur element in the station.

At the conclusion of the theatricals the guests adjourned to a large tent in the compound, where the supper was laid out. The grounds looked exceedingly pretty and picturesque, being illuminated with coloured lamps and Chinese lanterns. After supper, dancing commenced, and was kept up with spirit far into the small hours.

"No rest till morn when youth and beauty meet
To chase the glowing hours with flying feet."

All mundane affairs must come to an end, and after Sir Roger de Coverly had been danced with a due amount of spirit and fun. The guests began to take their leave, and many and hearty were the congratulations received by Mr. and Mrs. Waddington on the success of their very pleasant entertainment.

HELP WANTED.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your columns are always, I know, open to receive appeals in behalf of sad cases. May I ask you to publish this letter in which I am to deal with a very sad and urgent case? Colonel Major (who is really managing the whole matter) and I want rupees four hundred in order to be able to send three little girls, aged respectively 8, 6, and 5, to school. I cannot publish all the facts of the case as they are too gross, but I may say that unless the three girls are taken from the surroundings of their home and removed from the influence of their drunken and depraved parents, their future will certainly be that of their two elder sisters, who are said to be already "too depraved to be received into any school." Miss Richardson has added yet one more to her many good works by securing the promised admission of these children to a school out of Bombay for the very moderate monthly payment of rupees five for each. A charitable friend has given Colonel Major rupees two hundred, and I have obtained rupees forty towards the sum required. The children should be at school for at least three years, so that rupees six hundred will be the smallest sum sufficient to pay for their education and clothing, *i.e.*, rupees four hundred more than is already in hand. Donations may be sent either to Colonel Major or to me.—Yours, &c.,

June 13. A. GOLDWYER LEWIS.

MR. W. L. HARVEY, C.S., Assistant Collector, Bijapur, has been allowed three months' privilege leave.

THE metre gauge system of feeder lines in connection with the Bengal-Nagpur Railway in the Central Provinces is being actively pushed on. The line from Gondia to Balaghat is completed, and others are in course of construction. The arrangement for the financing of the system is deserving of attention. The Central Provinces Government advances the money for construction; the Government of India contributes the rolling-stock and rails, drawing interest thereon; while the Bengal-Nagpur Company works the system for fifty per cent. of the gross earnings. Mr. Mackenzie, remarks a Bengal paper, has set a notable example to other local Governments by the promptness with which he has taken steps to open up the country.

THE official trials of the Italian war cruiser Piemonte have just concluded, and the results obtained are very satisfactory. Messrs. Armstrong Mitchell, and Co., Elswick, the builders, guaranteed a speed of 21 knots, with engines of 11,600 indicated horse-power. A trial with natural draught in a run of six hours showed a mean speed of 21·4 knots. A trial with forced draught was then made, and a mean speed of 22·3 knots was obtained, the engines working, without any sign of heating, at 185 revolutions. The ship was at her load draught, weights having been added to represent armament weights yet to be placed on board. The Piemonte is the latest of some dozen vessels of the protected cruiser class built by the same firm. She will be capable, Lord Armstrong says, of discharging against an adversary in a given time twice the weight of shot and shell that could be fired by the largest war vessel now afloat.

ALLEGED EXTENSIVE THEFTS BY A GOLDSMITH.

WHAT appears to be a series of extensive and premeditated frauds came to light yesterday afternoon. At the Esplanade Police Court a goldsmith named Arjun Meea Cassum, through his pleader, Mr. Atmaram Kirtikar, filed an information against another goldsmith named Chuggun Jetha, charging him with breach of trust and criminal misappropriation of a quantity of silver bullion and silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 5,400, praying that a warrant might be issued for his arrest and that he might be dealt with according to law. Superintendent Brewin, who was in court at the time the application was made, informed the Magistrate that the complainant Arjun had called on him and had laid the complaint before him with a view of having the police to take action in the matter; but that as the complainant could not show conclusively that Chuggun Jetha had absconded from Bombay with a view to defrauding him of his ornaments, he did not feel justified in taking action and had advised the complainant to go before a Magistrate. His Worship felt himself in the same difficulty as the police officer had done, and told Mr. Kirtikar that before he granted a warrant, he would like the complaint to be sent to the police for enquiry and report, and accordingly deputed Superintendent Brewin to make enquiries and send in a report; and as it afterwards transpired that the complainant had telegraphed to the mofussil police, the Magistrate authorized the Bombay police to take immediate action in the event of the arrest of the absconding goldsmith. From subsequent enquiries we have instituted it appears as if Chuggun Jetha is guilty of a very extensive system of deliberate fraud; for it turns out that Arjun is not the only person mourning their trustfulness in that individual. It appears that Chuggun Jetha is a very well-known jeweller in and about Byculla, where he has been carrying on business for some time. He was such a good workman, executed his jobs so promptly and at so reasonable a cost, that he monopolized almost all the work in the locality where he had his place of business. No one ever had any cause to complain of him in any way, and thus it came about that people, even from long distances, used to entrust their work to him. A short time ago his customers experienced a change in Chuggun Jetha; he who used to have his work ready at the moment he promised to do so, began to put his customers off; but this gave rise to no serious complaint, however, as the only inconvenience they were put to was that they had to wait a few days longer than they had expected, before getting their ornaments. Latterly, however, this habit of procastination grew so much on him, that his customers began to feel uneasy as to the safety of the bullion and ornaments they had entrusted him with. Arjun Cassum was his most troublesome customer, who, after having been put off a great many times, demanded the return of the silver and ornaments in the state they were given to him if he had no time to work them up. Chuggun found himself driven into a corner; he tried to soothe Arjun, but to no purpose, and at last said that he had taken the silver to his house in the Fort for safe custody, but that if he (Arjun) called at his shop on Wednesday evening he would hand it over to him. Arjun accordingly called at the shop on Wednesday evening, only to find that the doors were locked and that Chuggun had left Bombay on the day previous. He made enquiries in the neighbourhood, and finding that there were several other people who had entrusted ornaments and silver to Chuggun, but who did not know of his departure from Bombay, he came to the conclusion that he had been swindled. As far as is known at present, there are thirteen people who are in the same predicament as Arjun. These people have entrusted Chuggun with silver and ornaments of values ranging from Rs. 500 to Rs. 5,000, and it is calculated that Chuggun had with him at the time he left Bombay no less than Rs. 35,000 worth of silver and ornaments belonging to other people.

A THANA MURDER CASE.

AT the Sessions before Mr. A. B. Steward, Sessions Judge, on Saturday the case of Imperatrix *vs.* Manuel Paoloo and others came up for hearing. In this case, Manuel Paoloo, Joao Paoloo, and Shaik Mahomed were charged with the murder of Antone Kooten at Versova on the 6th of May last. The Government Pleader conducted the case for the prosecution, while Mr. Smetham, of Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, defended the accused. It appeared that the deceased and Manuel were partners in a liquor shop at Andheri, over the accounts of which, it was alleged, they used to quarrel. Shortly before the murder a rather severer quarrel than usual had taken place, and the deceased had called his partner a *khampta*. On the 6th of May the first accused and the deceased went to Bombay together and returned late in the evening to Bandora, from which place they came to Andheri in a horse *ghari*. From this point the case mainly rested on the evidence of one Ballia Dowlatti, who stated he was present when this *ghari* arrived, and that after Manuel had changed his clothes, the three of them set off to Versova together. At about 9·30 p.m., when they reached a palm tree on a lonely part of the road, they sat down, when the second accused, Joao, came up silently behind, having been concealed on the road, and struck the deceased a heavy blow on the head with a stone. He was then taken to a fig tree some distance off, dragged to the ground by all three accused, and his neck broken, the body being removed towards Versova in a bullock cart, and deposited at the junction of a by-lane and the main Versova Road. In cross-examination, however, this witness admitted the palm tree, where the first blow was struck, was one mile from the spot where the deceased was murdered, and that there was no reason for not killing him at the palm tree. That he had frequently made conflicting statements as to the manner in which the body was removed, and the way in which the murder was committed, and generally contradicted himself so often that although a considerable amount of corroborative testimony, nineteen witnesses in all being called, was brought forward in the main, they all in cross-examination contradicted Ballia more or less.

Mr. Smetham, in addressing the jury, pointed out the improbability of Ballia's story and the many discrepancies in the evidence. His clients had all along acted as innocent men, the third accused even refusing a pardon when tendered him. No bullock cart was forthcoming, and it was hardly probable after the murder the body would be taken nearer the village—an act which would only court detection, as the cart would thus have to pass close to the Collector's camp and the Government distillery, where police are always stationed. There was no adequate motive for the murder by the accused, whereas it was proved the deceased at the time of his death had on a silver belt worth Rs. 50, and also was carrying a considerable sum in cash, both belt and cash not being found on the body, nor any suspicious article discovered in the houses of the deceased. The motive for the murder was clearly robbery.

After listening to an able summing up of the case by His Honour, the jury retired to consider their verdict, and on their return unanimously found all the accused not guilty.

LORD CONNEMARA'S FAMINE TOUR.

THE Governor of Madras went to Russelcondah on the 8th and returned to Aska on Saturday. At Russelcondah he visited the reservoir which is under construction in connection with the Rushikulya works, and which is to cover an area of 4½ square miles. Fifteen hundred coolies are employed upon it. The inhabitants of Russelcondah are suffering severe distress, and many cases of extreme emaciation were found. A deputation of ryots from the Goomsurtaluk was received by His Excellency. They complained of the loss of their crops and the lack of seed-grain. The temperature on the 8th was 107° in the shade. There have been several thunderstorms and good showers, and ploughing operations are commencing. Lord Connemara proceeded yesterday to Pattupur, and thence goes to Ichapur and Kanchilli. He embarks from Baruvah on the 16th.

MR. J. H. TODD, C.S., on being relieved by Mr. Ebden, will act as Collector of Ratnagiri.

A LARGE and influential meeting of the inhabitants of Lahore is expected to take place at the end of this month, with the object of presenting a memorial to the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that the Government will grant local option in the matter of liquor shops, on the system which has been conceded to several States in the United States.

AN IDEAL MISSIONARY POLICY.

"COMMISSIONER" TUCKER, of the Salvation Army, who is now on a visit to South India, delivered an address on Monday evening in the Memorial Hall, on "An Ideal Missionary Policy." A subject on which his experience entitles him to a hearing. He said:—

For years past I have made the question of Missionary policy the subject of my intense study, and I may venture to speak with some authority on this burning question of the day. I must, however, confess to being a little nervous with such a formidable array of M.A.s and B.A.s and B.L.s, not merely in the congregation, but seated behind me on this platform. Even in England I think we seldom have such an array of learning, either actively helping us in our work, or openly expressing their sympathy in our favour. Here, too, we have our good friend Colonel Taylor, M. S. C., of H. M.'s Service. I had to tell him just now that for the time being he would have to consider me as his Commanding Officer and obey my orders, as he would not at first do what I told him. I have been advertised to speak on the "Future of Missions," but I think I would rather call it, "The Ideal Policy of Missions"—the main lines on which I believe that a Mission, to be successful, should be run. Let us forget for a moment the existing agencies around us, and let us imagine ourselves starting from the very outset. What sort of Mission should we propose to ourselves as the best calculated to accomplish its object? Let us consider the question under the three following heads, *viz.*:—(1) The Agency; (2) The Means and Methods; and (3) The Motive Power.

The first question that has to be solved is that of the Agency necessary for the work we have in hand. And first we have to consider the number of the Agents likely to be required for so great an undertaking. Experience has shown us that one man cannot properly look after the souls of more than twenty others. Let us stretch this a bit and say that he can look after 100, or even 200. The population of British India amounts to 250 millions. Of these let us omit 50 millions as being infants unable to understand the claims of religion. We have left 200 millions of men, women, and children, who are capable of being saved, of having their sins forgiven, and of enjoying God in their hearts. At the rate of one to every 200 of these, we shall require an agency, then, of at least one million. Madras has a population of 400,000; we shall want an agency of at least 2,000 for the proper evangelisation of this city. Where are we to get all these agents? With God all things are possible, and with a properly organised Mission the difficulty will disappear. From what classes are these agents to be drawn? It is evident that you cannot confine yourself to the upper and educated classes, but you must freely admit the masses, the lowest castes, and the most ignorant and the uneducated. To exclude the masses would be a fatal mistake. I was amazed to read that the great and good Dr. Livingstone had expressed it as his opinion that none but highly educated persons should be accepted as Missionaries. Never could a more fatal mistake have been imagined! Why, it is an utter delusion to suppose that the educated classes have a monopoly of the brains, or of the talents, or of the goodness requisite to make a successful missionary. In the Salvation Army we recognise this, and often place an uneducated officer as Major in charge of others who, for birth, wealth, and education are his superiors. Nor must the agency be confined to men. Women must have an equal chance. What nonsense it is to talk of the inferiority of women! Aye, and even the children must be pressed into the ranks and used as missionaries to other children. Why not? Experience has proved that they can do it with success. Admit into this vast agency all classes, men, women and children, and the difficulty as to members will soon disappear. But, remember that they must all be trained to be fighters and not mere spectators. The rank-and-file must fight just as much as their leaders. Imagine the Queen's Army going to battle and all the soldiers sitting down while the officers did the fighting. It would be ridiculous. Every man must be prepared to fight, and fight hard. But you ask how is this vast agency to be supported? The rank-and-file must earn their own livelihood by their labour, and support themselves. They must be a sort of home missionaries in their homes, their offices, their shops, their businesses and their fields. They must also, from their surplus earnings, support their leaders. If they are in a position to make a fortune they must make it, not for themselves, but for the great cause they have at heart. Numbers in our own ranks have done it. As for the leaders, who have no time to spare for earning their own living, having food and clothing must therewith be content. They must set an example of self-denial to those whom they lead and must cut down their expenses as much as possible, and thus render it the easier to increase their numbers. I can show you 150 such Europeans and 100 of this sort of Natives who are cheerfully carrying out this principle every day in their lives. As to the means and methods there are those three great roads which have been marked out for the accomplishment of this great purpose. The *via Anglicana*, as I may call it, which allows Europeans certain privileges in consideration of the climate, &c.; the *via media*, which considerably curtails those methods, but still lays down to Europeans a line of action which may be said to be purely European; and the *via Indiana or Salvation Armyana*, with which we ourselves are most intimately associated. While I infinitely perfer the last, and that, too, after considerable personal experiences of the other two, yet I cannot see why all three should not co-exist, and I cannot understand the necessity for their attacking each other. I should like to refer to one or two mistaken ideas in this connection. We often hear people cry out against the danger of change, and who say that we should not go in for anything new. This is sheer nonsense. You might just as well urge upon Lord Wolseley the excellence of the blunderbusses used by our ancestors. Others are terribly against any sort of excitement. This, too, is a serious mistake. How can we help being excited? I have no desire to gaze on unmoved at the destruction of others, because they feel so sure of their own safety. We must adapt ourselves to our ever-changing circumstances. If we are only to do just as every one else has done before us then we might just as well have been born without any brains at all. I would urge upon you the principle of self-sustentation. The methods must be such that the agency shall support itself. You must also turn every prisoner you capture into a soldier and enlist him to fight your enemies. We have now got the machine. It is perfect, and there are the engineers. They are skilful men, and yet the machine does not move. Why? There is no steam! The secret of the failure in nine cases out of ten is the lack of the Divine steam. No agent can be of any use unless he has at least got up steam so far that he is sure of having received the forgiveness of his sins. Both this is not enough. He should be sanctified too. Some people think we have too much steam in the Salvation Army! We have not yet got half enough. Why is it that we find so little of this Divine steam in the agencies that surround us? Just because God only gives it to a certain sort of people. Some hope to get it on their own terms. They would have the resurrection glory, but they cannot endure Calvary shame and sacrifice. Supposing I had stopped in the Civil Service. Do you think it would have been possible for me to receive the Salvation Army power and baptism and blessings which I have enjoyed since I took the step? Not a bit of it. Do you want the Salvation Army steam? Be sure that you will only get it by paying the Salvation Army price. We have on this platform a band of 60 or 70 toiling daily on the lines just laid down, steadily increasing in number and proving that the Ideal Missionary here laid down is no mere theory or phantom of my imagination, but is a glorious possibility which shall soon become an accomplished fact.

MR. PRITCHARD MORGAN complained in Parliament on Monday (20th ult.) that the Crown would not allow him to develop in any way the various properties he had acquired in North Wales without going to the Department of Woods and Forests and asking for a license in the first instance. This he considered unfair and unjust, and it was not the way to encourage a new industry. The Woods and Forests had taken proceedings to prevent him from searching for gold or silver at his own residence. In one mine up to the end of March last they had produced £32,919 worth of gold from 5,927 tons of quartz. The royalties paid came to £1,104 10s. 5d., exclusive of landlords' royalties, and stamp duty for the transfer of the property came to £802, Income-tax on dividends to £262, and Income-tax paid by himself £125, the total amounting to £2,294 for the twelve months. He held that this was most unfair and unjust. The First Lord of the Treasury said the Commissioners of Woods and Forests were trustees for the public revenue, and were bound to take all means to obtain that revenue without oppression. He trusted hon. members would be satisfied to allow this question to come before the Committee which would be appointed in the course of a few days to inquire into the administration of the Woods and Forests, when it could be impartially and judicially investigated.

BOMBAY ABKARI DEPARTMENT.

THE following resolution was issued yesterday on the reports on the administration of the Abkari Department in the Bombay Presidency including Sind and Aden, for the revenue year 1887-88:—

The changes in excise administration effected during the year 1887-88 were of considerable importance. As the result of the completion of negotiations with Baroda and other Native States interlaced with or bordering on British districts, those States either leased their Abkari revenue to the British Government, assimilated their excise system to that prevailing in neighbouring British territory, or established a shopless belt on the borders thereof. In consequence of the check to smuggling promised by these arrangements it was found possible, in accordance with the policy which Government have of late years followed, to replace the outstill lump sum farm system by the central distillery still-head duty and minimum guaranteed revenue system in the Khandesh District, the Point, Kalvan and Baglan Talukas of Nasik, and Parantij and Modasa in Ahmedabad; and the only tracts in the Presidency proper in which the former system, which is believed to offer the maximum stimulus to the consumption of liquor, still prevails, are the isolated talukas of Dahad and Jhalod in the Panch Mahals, and the Ratnagiri and Kanara Districts, with the exception of one taluka of the latter. In Thana and Kolaba an important of hange was the abolition of a minimum guaranteed revenue as a condition of the spirit contracts, and the substitution of a system under which spirit farms were given to the approved tenderers who offered the highest percentage over and above the still-head duty on the spirit issued from the distilleries. In the new system the duty is paid on actual consumption and the farmer undertakes no responsibility for the disposal of a minimum quantity of liquor. Another change was the abolition of the monopoly of manufacture of toddy spirit in the portions of these two districts where such monopoly still existed, and the establishment of public toddy spirit distilleries. As regards toddy, changes were effected in the Ahmednagar, Thana and Kolaba Districts and in Bombay City. In the first-named of these the toddy farm was abolished in favour of a license system similar to that in force in Poona. In Thana and Kolaba a license system under which tapping licenses coupled with various conditions as regards number of trees to be tapped and disposal of their produce, was introduced. In Bombay City, with a view to preventing an undesirable increase in the number of drinking places, tapping licenses were issued separately from those granted for tree-foot booths, and a maximum price was prescribed for the toddy sold at the latter.

2. In Aden no change was made, but in Sind the outstill lump sum farming system was abolished, and its place was taken by a system somewhat similar to that in force in the greater part of the Presidency Proper. Two public distilleries for the whole province were established at Sukkur and Kotri respectively, and still-head duty was levied on spirit removed therefrom. Licenses for wholesale or retail sale—the privilege of which was kept entirely separate from that of manufacture—were issued for certain parts of the province, and sale in the remainder was farmed out in small farms on the minimum guaranteed revenue system.

3. Government are unable at present to form a definite opinion as regards the success of these measures, especially in Thana, Kolaba, Khandesh and Sind; but separate reports which will be awaited are promised by the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, and the Commissioner in Sind. Illicit distillation is the great difficulty to be coped with, and its natural increase is proportionate, or more than proportionate, to the rise in the price of liquor caused by the enhanced rate of duty payable on every gallon removed from the distilleries. In some tracts, productive of mowra in abundance and peopled with a population addicted to drink, and freed in great measure by the hilly and wooded character of the country from effectual supervision and control on the part of the Abkari establishment, illicit distillation largely prevails and the extent to which it obtains cannot be gauged with any accuracy by statistics showing the number of offences discovered and tried in the criminal courts. Direct repression is difficult even with the experienced, keen and energetic assistance of the liquor contractors, but where it is forthcoming it must be considered as of great advantage to the suppression of the consumption of liquor under the most demoralising circumstances.

4. The revenue realized in the year under review is contrasted under its various heads with that for the year 1886-87 in the following statement:—

Heads of Revenue.	I.—Intoxicating Drugs.	II.—Imported foreign liquors (including, for Presidency Proper, country liquor exclused at tariff rates).	III.—Country liquor (including toddy).	IV.—Miscellaneous.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Presidency Proper—					
1886-87	1,10,125	1,64,437	70,51,947	1,01,363	74,24,972
1887-88	1,15,550	1,32,634	72,65,891	1,17,173	76,35,248
Sind—					
1886-87	1,03,292	8,621	3,89,955	54	5,04,927
1887-88	1,14,830	11,387	3,78,875	726	5,05,818
Aden—					
1886-87	1,425	6,460	11,766	398	3,849
1887-88	1,500	6,750	15,913	5	24,168
Total—					
1886-87	2,18,942	1,76,523	7456,668	1,01,	79,53,948
1887-88	2,31,880	1,50,771	7950,709	1,18,	81,65,054

5. The fluctuations under head I. (Intoxicating drugs) do not call for notice. The figures for the Presidency Proper for 1886-87 under heads II. and III. do not agree with those given in the report for that year (which were Rs. 93,759 and Rs. 71,19,625 respectively), owing to a change of classification made by the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in accordance with which receipts from duty on country-spirit excised at tariff rates are now shown under the former instead of the latter head. These receipts amounted to Rs. 41,430 in the year under review as compared with Rs. 67,678 in the previous year, the decrease being mainly under the heads "rum" and "spirits of wine" made at Poona and Aska respectively. This accounts chiefly for the decrease shown under head II.

Under head IV (Miscellaneous) the figures for Sind have been taken from the statement in paragraph 5 of the Commissioner's report, from which, however, it appears from a comparison with the details in paragraph 26 that some items in respect of the districts of Hyderabad and Thar and Parkar have been omitted. If they are included, the total of "Miscellaneous" for Sind will be raised to Rs. 2,040.

The revenue from country-liquor for the Presidency Proper is as usual given under the three heads "spirit," "toddy" and "spirit toddy" combined, the latter of which now appears only in the accounts of Kolaba, Ratnagiri and Kanara. The *totals* given in the table in paragraph 72 of Mr. Trevor's report seem to be in some respects incorrect. The correct totals appear to be as follows: but it may be remarked that those for 1886-87 do not agree with the totals given in the report for that year, in which the classification adopted for the Bombay City returns appears to have been somewhat different:—

	1886-87. Rs.	1887-88. Rs.
Spirit	58,90,893	60,88,808
Toddy	8,26,807	8,64,243
Spirit and toddy	3,34,247	3,12,840
Total	70,51,947	72,65,891

7. The districts which show a material increase under the head "spirit" are as follows:—

	Increase.
Bombay City	Rs. 51,784
Poona	„ 90,856
Dharwar	„ 85,448
Belgaum	„ 75,204
Kaira	„ 20,691

The increase in Bombay City was almost entirely due to increased exports from the Dadar distilleries of toddy spirit, which to some extent took the place of Uran mowra spirit, in the issues of which there was an appreciable decrease. In Poona the still-head duty was slightly raised and there was a considerable increase in consumption in the city and cantonment in consequence of the prevalence of cholera. In Belgaum also the duty was raised, and there was increased consumption, probably the result of the success attained in checking illicit distillation.

As regards the districts (shown below) in which any

equalled by an increase in those from farms for spirit and toddy combined :—

	Decrease.
Ahmedabad	Rs. 26,715
Broach	,, 20,416
Thana	,, 46,364
Khandesh	,, 27,428
Kanara	,, 26,748
Kolaba	,, 18,689

8. In revenue from raw toddy there was a considerable decrease of Rs. 23,997 in Bombay City, where the proceeds of tree-tax, notwithstanding an increase in the number of trees tapped, were, in consequence of the adjustments made on account of drawbacks allowed on toddy spirit, little more than a third as large as in the previous year. It would appear that, including license fees, a gross revenue of only Rs. 22,229 was raised on 4,11,351 gallons consumed in the city. This result is in accordance with the policy of Government, which does not seek to raise a large revenue on the consumption of raw toddy.

In Surat, Belgaum and Bijapur the increase of toddy revenue was considerable, as shown below :—

	Increase.
Surat	Rs. 20,492
Belgaum	,, 19,000
Bijapur	,, 12,669

In the former it was on account of toddy shop license fees, and in the last two under the head "tree-tax." The totals in paragraph 120 of Mr. Trevor's report for cocoanut and date trees tapped in Surat appear to be incorrect. A considerable decrease is remarked in the number of trees tapped for domestic consumption by the Kaliparaj class in this district. The separate report promised on the working of this concession will be awaited.

9. As regards revenue from spirit and toddy combined there was an increase of Rs. 22,250 in Kanara, and a large decrease of no less than Rs. 53,098 in Thana. In the latter district for the first time in 1887-88, as a result of the changes of system, no credits were made to this revenue head. The increase in Kanara was counterbalanced as already stated by a decrease in the realizations from farms for "spirit" alone. In Ratnagiri and Kolaba a slight increase is reported.

10. In Sind the toddy revenue was as usual insignificant. The revenue from country-liquor other than toddy shows a considerable increase of Rs. 19,900 in Karachi, where the facilities for supervision much needed on the introduction of the new system were greatest, but the decrease in the other districts considerably more than counterbalanced the increase in the Karachi Collectorate. In Aden there was a small increase in the realizations from both license fees and still-head duty.

11. The statistics and results classed as "Economical" in paragraphs 57—63 of Mr. Trevor's report have been read with interest. The considerable increase of toddy shops in Bombay and Thana is a satisfactory feature, coupled as it is with a decrease, though slight, of the country-spirit shops in those centres. An increase of county-spirit shops in Khandesh is reported; it is justified by the obligation to cope with illicit traffic, but the licit consumption of liquor has decreased to a very marked extent since the introduction of the new system.

12. The total expenditure on abkari administration cannot be given exactly, as it is not co-extensive with that debited to the financial head 'excise,' which, while it includes a sum roughly estimated at Rs.30,000 on account of the share of cost of preventive establishment debitable to "opium," does not include any portion of the pay of the Commissioner, the cost of abkari police, or certain compensations paid to the Bombay Municipality and to Native States. The increase in the portion of expenditure debited to "excise," in which alone any marked fluctuations appear, was almost entirely under the head "establishment," the strengthening of which was found necessary in consequence of the changes of administration referred to above.

13. Mr. Trevor, who had succeeded to the office of Commissioner less than six months before the date of this report, has dealt with his subject in a manner which shows a very thorough grasp of it, only to be obtained by hard and intelligent labour.

BENGAL.

EXTRAORDINARY SUICIDE.—On Tuesday night Police Sergeant F. J. Mathews, on special duty at the Coroner's Court, committed suicide by taking arsenic. Deceased first took a whole box of "Rough on Rats," and having noted the circumstances in his pocket-book, which he put in a conspicuous place, he lay down awaiting the result. Finding it did not act he went with a comrade to Radha Bazaar and pawned his watch for Rs. 11. He proceeded thence to a liquor-shop, but could not drink the liquor with which he was supplied and began committing violence. He then asked to be removed to hospital, and on the way mentioned the fact that he had taken poison. Notwithstanding all the efforts of the doctors he expired at 3 a.m. next morning. Deceased was a promising young officer, much esteemed by his comrades in the force. No motive for the deed has yet been discovered.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

June 14.—Thacker and Co., Limited.
18.—Mail steamer Assam departs.
19.—Municipal Standing Committee.
25.—Mail steamer Sutlej departs.
26.—Municipal Standing Committee.
July 2.—Mail steamer Siam departs.
3.—Municipal Standing Committee.
9.—Mail steamer Peshawar departs.
10.—Municipal Standing Committee.
16.—Mail steamer Assam departs.
17.—Municipal Standing Committee.
23.—Mail steamer Coromandel departs.
24.—Municipal Standing Committee.
30.—Mail steamer Siam departs.
Aug. 23.—Assault-at-Arms at Poona.
24.—Assault-at-Arms at Poona.
Sept. 19.—Poona Races.
21.—Poona Races.
24.—Poona Races.
26.—Poona Races.
28.—Poona Races.

A SENSATION IN OLDHAM.

THE *Oldham Evening Express* says:—"At 192 Manchester-street are the well-known chemists, Messrs. Thompson and Co., who being interviewed, say that Mr. John Tetlow, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Oldham, limped into their shop hardly able to walk. His joints were badly swollen, and he was bent with agony. He was advised to apply a preparation of which so much is heard. He did so. In two days the change was marvellous. His cure was entirely due to St. Jacobs Oil, of which he used one bottle. Although sixty years of age, he now walks as well as ever. The case of a young woman was mentioned. She was in a helpless condition from rheumatism for three years. The same wonderful remedy cured her. The case of Mr. Thomas Bagshaw, 34, Caroline-street, was investigated. He was confined to the house for twenty-one weeks with rheumatism. The day after using this magical cure he was able to resume work. Mr. Thompson stated to the reporter that the above are only a few of the many cases that were continually coming under his notice, where St. Jacobs Oil had cured people, where all other remedies had signally failed. So great had become the demand for this deservedly popular remedy that instead of procuring his supplies from the wholesale house, the same as he did his other medicines he procured St. Jacobs Oil direct from the proprietors. The Charles A. Vogeler Company of 45, Farringdon-road, London, in sixty dozen lots or seven hundred and twenty bottles at each order, and hat owing to its deserved popularity the demand ncreases every month."

IT has at last been decided that the Maharaja of Patiala goes to Simla. His Highness will be accompanied by his brother, Maharaja Runbeer Sing and Captain Shumshere Sing, A.D.C., as well as his newly appointed Private Secretary, and, of course, Mr. Sime and Dr. Thompson. The length of His Highness's stay has not yet been determined; but it is reported that this will much depend on his consort accompanying him or otherwise.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist, and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from the pain, and the little cherub, awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslowe's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

THE MAHARAJA OF KASHMIR.

THE whole Indian Press has been furnished by an anonymous correspondent with a startling message purporting to give the gist of a letter addressed by the Maharaja of Kashmir to the Viceroy, and ending up with a hysterical appeal to Lord Lansdowne to shoot his petitioner with his own hands, rather than let him suffer the disgrace he is now enduring. The source from which this news came, remarks the *Pioneer*, would have seemed enough to discredit it; but, strangely enough, it is perfectly true. The Maharaja has addressed an autograph letter to the Viceroy in which these expressions occur, and which he entrusted to a certain Gopinath and Makund Ram, and these persons after delivering it to the Viceroy seem to have telegraphed it to the papers, a proceeding which is not calculated to serve the Maharaja's cause. The latter has fallen into the hands of a set of men who, for their own purposes, are working to make political capital out of his resignation, and are urging him therefore to cry off his bargain. That he himself should repent of his decision was only to be expected. The story has been repeating itself ever since our first dealings with the Vizier of Oudh and the Nawab of the Carnatic.

With reference to the wild telegram regarding the Maharaja of Kashmir, the *Englishman* writes:—We may state that His Highness has put his case into the hands of one Gopinath, the editor of the *Akbar-I-Am*, who is now in Simla. It is probable that we are indebted to Gopinath for the telegram, but we learn independently that a letter from the Maharaja was received by the Viceroy a few days ago which was doubtless this crazy epistle. The Maharaja and Ram Singh have evidently been stirred up to attack the present arrangements in the State. Such folly only furnishes additional proof of the necessity for the intervention of the Government of India before the affairs of Kashmir had been brought to irretrievable spipwreck. After what has recently transpired the present letter might well suggest a doubt as to the sanity of the Maharaja and his counsellors.

THE BERAR MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

AN ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above company was held yesterday at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Dalal Street.

The following directors' report was submitted to the meeting and adopted:—The directors beg to submit their annual report of the working during the last 12 months from 1st January to 31st December 1888. From the printed balance-sheet and profit-and-loss account already circulated, your directors regret that the profits realized have not been so favourable as those of previous years on account of the price of cotton being high, whereas the yarn did not fetch comparatively higher rates. The profits of the company have been Rs. 23,552-25-2, which includes the sum of Rs. 5,654-5-1 brought forward from last year's account. The profits would have appeared more in the accounts, but your directors have written off the sum of Rs. 8,878-14-10 spent during the year for machinery from England, which was ordered out for certain improvements in all branches. As the amount of profits is not sufficient to admit of a fair dividend being declared, your directors therefore recommend you to carry to depreciation of machinery account Rs. 10,000, and the balance, Rs. 13,552-15-2, to nex year's account. As mentioned in the last report, the machinery for weaving had arrived, and the same was erected and has commenced working from the month of December. The number of looms are 214, of which 185 are working and the remaining will also be worked shortly. The shortness of hands is the difficulty in getting all the looms at work. The directors are glad to state that the quality of cloth has been approved in up-country markets, but the rates ruling are lower than last year. As weft yarn could be worked in weaving with advantage, three new ring frames have been ordered out from England. Two of the directors, Messrs. Nusserwanjee Manckjee Petit and Eduljee Nusserwanjee Setna, retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election. You are requested to appoint auditors and fix their remuneration. Insurance has been covered as under upon spinning machineery, building, and accessories, Rs. 3,35,300; upon weaving machinery and building and accessories, Rs. 1,00,000; upon ginning factory, Rs, 10,000; upon yarn, cloth, cotton, and cuppas, Rs. 3,25,000; total, Rs. 77,0,300.

The report being read and adopted Messrs. Nusserwanjee Manekjee Petit and Eduljee Nusserwanjee Setna were re-elected directors, Messrs. Pallonjee Framjee Mehta and Nusserwanjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee reappointed auditors of the company for the current year on a remuneration of Rs. 135 each, the accounts being audited half yearly. Rs. 10,000 were carried from the profits to the depreciation of machinery accounts. A vote of thanks to the directors and agents for their management of affairs with the usual complement to the chairman bronght the proceedings to a close.

A SHAREHOLDER'S CLAIM.

YESTERDAY at the Small Cause Court before Rao Bahadoor Gunputrao Bhaskerjee, Second Judge, Mr. G. Vears sought to recover from Messrs. H. S. Booth, Allen F. Turner, and W. C. Taylor the sum of Rs. 246-7-4, being the amount due to him in respect of ten shares held by plaintiff in the Jubilee Steam Agricultural and Tramway Company, Limited, now in liquidation, of which company the second and third defendants are the voluntary liquidators, which amount or part thereof is claimed by the first defendant to be due to him. Mr. Allen F. Turner, Solicitor, appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Burder, of Messrs. Winter, Burder, and Bayley, appeared for the first defendant; Mr. Turner, Solicitor, appeared in person; while the third defendant did not put in an appearance. Mr. Turner said he appeared for the plaintiff, although he was one of the defendants, but he was only a stakeholder, and had no interest in whether the plaintiff or defendent was paid the money. He, therefore, considered he could appear for the plaintiff. Mr. Burder, on behalf of the first defendant, pleaded that his client was not indebted to the plaintiff in the sum claimed or any other amount. Mr. Turner, the second defendant, admitted that the sum of Rs. 246-7-4 was due to the owner of the ten shares, whoever he might be. Mr. Vears in his evidence stated that he was the brother-in-law of Mr. Sugden, who had got up the Jubilee Steam Agricultural and Tramway Company, Limited, and that he had at the request of Mr. Sugden taken a number of shares in the company in the name of different people, and amongst others ten in the name of Mr. Booth, and that he accordingly claimed the amount proposed to be returned by the liquidators in respect of those ten shares. In cross-examination by Mr. Burder Mr. Vears stated that Mr. Booth had no money belonging to him in his hands; that he had never paid any money in Mr. Booth's account, and that Mr. Booth had no shares or receipts for money's paid by him in his possession. Mr. Burder then contended that the present suit should be dismissed as against his client, as the course the liquidators had taken was a wrong one; they ought to have filed an interpleader suit in respect of the money, as the question could not be tried in the present suit, as to whom the shares belonged. His client had signed the application for the shares, and they had been paid for by Mr. Sugden out of wages due to Mr. Booth. His Honour dismissed the suit as against the first defendant with Rs. 35 as professional costs, and passed a decree for the plaintiff for the amount claimed against the second and third defendants, as they had not attempted to contradict the first defendant's statement that the shares were his.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUT.-COL. J. F. WILLOUGHBY has been granted six months' leave on private affairs.

SECOND LIEUTENANT H. F. JACOB, 1st Lincolnshir Regiment, has been admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps and will rank as lieutenant.

SECOND LIEUTENANT H. D. HARVEST, 1st Loinster Regiment, has been admitted a probationer to the Bombay Staff Corps.

LIEUT-COL HANCOCK has delivered over to Major J. M. Hunter the office of president of the Rajasthanik Court, Kathiawar.

LIEUT. D. B. THOMSON has been appointed Sixth Assistant Resident at Aden.

SURGEON QUICKE has been appointed to act as medical officer to the Kathiawar Political Agency.

THE services of Brigade Surgeon Barry have been replaced at the disposal of Government in the Military Department.

SURGEON-MAJOR W. G. H. HENDERSON has been appointed Civil Surgeon of Ahmednagar.

RANI MAHTAB KUNJAR of Katiari has given a donation of Rs. 3,000 for the permanent endowment of a scholarship at the Agra Medical School.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 11th June are published in the *Government Gazette* :—

Karachi.—Weather sultry. River Kotri on 10th, 11 feet against 15 feet 1 inch same date last year. Harvesting of Adawa crops continues. Agricultural stock in fair condition except in Karachi and Kotri.

Shikarpur.—River low. Probable rabi outturn 13 annas; kharif preparations commencing.

Hyderabad.—Rabi harvesting finished except in two talukas; kharif cultivation in progress. Slight rain in five talukas. Agricultural stock unhealthy.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Supply good in Begari division canals, deficient in Ghar division. Crickets eating crops in sir lands. Jowari 45, wheat 27 pounds per rupee.

Ahmedabad.—High winds and light showers in some parts of the district. Manuring of fields in progress, and sowing of bajri commenced in Parantij and Modasa.

Panch Mahals.—Rain during the week; maximum 3 inches 20 cents, minimum 70 cents. Sowing operations in progress. Public health good.

Kaira.—Rain throughout the district; maximum at Matar 1 inch 63 cents, minimum at Kapadvanj 10 cents, Kaira 96 cents; total at Kaira 4 inches 4 cents. Manuring going on; land prepared for monsoon sowings.

Broach.—Weather somewhat cloudy, heat intense. Slight showers on the 4th at Broach. In Jambusar 48 cases of cholera and 32 deaths; slight cholera in all other talukas; 4 cases of small-pox in Anklesvar Taluka, 2 deaths. Cattle healthy. Prices of food-grains normal. Monsoon preparations continue.

Surat.—Rain maximum 65 cents at Chorasi, minimum 2 cents at Jalalpor; total maximum 87 cents at Olpad, minimum 11 cents at Chikhli. Stormy wind followed by slight showers of rain, thunder, and lightning on the 4th destroying several trees. Land is being prepared for the next season in all talukas. Agricultural stock good. Prices of food-grains almost steady. Slight small-pox in Olpad and slight cattle-disease in Pardi; cholera in Olpad, Chorasi, Bulsar, and Mandvi Talukas and Surat City; 55 cases and 41 deaths.

Khandesh.—Whether warm and cloudy. Rain almost throughout the district; maximum at Raver 1 inch and 62 cents, minimum at Pimpalner 4 cents. Ploughing of lands in progress. Scarcity of fodder in general and of water in some places. Small-pox in parts of Pachora and Pimpalner; fever in Bhusaval; cholera in six talukas, 171 cases, 84 fatal. Prices of food-grain as before.

Nasik.—Slight rain throughout the district, except Chandor and Baglan; minimum 4 cents at Peint, maximum 95 cents at Nandgaon. Preparations for monsoon crops progressing. Agricultural stock poor owing to the general insufficiency of fodder and scarcity of water in some talukas. Cholera in parts of Nasik, Igatpuri, Niphad, Malegaon, and Kalvan Talukas—cases 312, fatal 162.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain every day, heavy on 6th and 7th, total of week 7 inches 21 cents, total from 1st January 7 inches 93 cents, being 1 inch 82 cents above average. Abnormal temperature 1 deg. cool on 5th, fell to 6 deg. cool on 6th, rose to 2 deg. cool on 8th, remained 2 deg. cool on 9th, and again rose to *nil* on 11th. Vapour in air defective on 5th, normal on 6th, and excessive from 7th to 11th. Strong abnormal wind from east on 5th, from south-east on 6th, and from south-south-east on 7th and 8th; wind normal from 9th to 11. Thunder and lightning on 6th, thunder on 8th, and lightning on 9th.

Thana.—Rain 2 inches 84 cents, total 2 inches 87 cents. Sowing of kharif crops slightly commenced. Cholera in Salsette, Shahapur, Kalyan, and Bhiwndi Talukas; cases 57, fatal 39. Condition of agricultural stock good. Scarcity of fodder in Murbad Taluka. Price, second sort rice, 19 pounds as compared with 22 pounds in the corresponding week last year.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 9th June 1889.)—Rain 7 inches 52 cents, total 7 inches 66 cents. Public health good. Small-pox in Alibag, Pen, Panvel, and Mahad Talukas; and cholera in one village of the Panvel Taluka. Sowing operations in progress. Rice, second sort, 21 pounds; tur dal, second sort, 18½ pounds.

Ratnagiri.—Rain throughout the district; maximum 21 inches 62 cents at Vengurla, minimum 6 inches 32 cents at Sangameshvar. Agricultural operations progressing; public health generally good.

Poona.—Rain throughout the district, except in Bhimthadi Taluka; maximum 2 inches 57 cents in petha Ambegaon, minimum 14 cents in Junnar Taluka. Sowing of rice and nagli in progress in Haveli and Maval Talukas; elsewhere not yet commenced for want of sufficient rain. Scarcity of fodder in three talukas. Agricultural stock good. Public health good. Prices bajri 27 and jowari 34 pounds in the district, and bajri 28 and jowari 30 pounds per rupee in Poona City.

Ahmednagar.—Rain throughout district; maximum 2 inches 19 cents at Sangamner, minimum 26 cents at Parner; sufficient for sowing in parts of Sangamner and Akola. Cholera in two villages of Rahuri, one of Kopargaon, five of Sangamner, and three of Akola—attacks 190, fatal 47. Bajri 20, jowari 39 pounds.

Sholapur.—Rainfall Sangola 1 inch 20 cents. Hundi and maize crops in Sangola and Malsiras Talukas are flourishing, and sugarcane plantations in Sangola Malsiras, and Barsi Talukas are doing well. Cattle-disease in Madha Taluka has, disappeared; small-pox in two villages of Madha Taluka still continue; cholera in Sholapur, Barsi, Madha, and Karmala—187 cases and 82 deaths. Scarcity of water is being felt in many villages throughout the district. Land is being prepared for the next season. Weather cloudy. Average prices of food-grain are as before.

Satara.—Rain: Satara 2 inches 12 cents, total 4 inches 80 cents; in talukas, maximum Patan 1 inch 93 cents, minimum Man 22 cents. Ploughing operations nearly completed; sowing of kharif commenced in six talukas. Agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Good rain fell yesterday in Bijapur; none in other talukas. Ploughing operations continue. Agricultural condition good. Cholera in all talukas except Hungund.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 6 inches 79 cents; total 13 inches 2 cents; good rain throughout the district. Agricultural stock good.

Dharwar.—Rain general, sufficient in western talukas where paddy sowing is rapidly progressing; during week 1 inch 83 cents, during season 5 inches 24 cents; rain wanted in eastern talukas. Scarcity of drinking water in three talukas and of fodder in one. Fever, small-pox, and cattle-disease decreasing; cholera cases 310, deaths 100.

Kanara.—Heavy rain throughout district; Karwar 34 inches 20 cents. Excessive rain washed away newly sown seed in several places; early sown rice plants thriving. Slight small-pox in four talukas and cattle-disease in three.

Rajkot.—Ploughing of land for monsoon crops in progress. Agricultural stock poor owing to scarcity of fodder. Cholera in Bagasra and Jetpur.

Wadhwan.—Rain 5 cents, total 2 inches 39 cents. Weather hot and cloudy. Preparation of land in progress.

Baroda.—Rain 3 inches 10 cents during week, total 5 inches 83 cents. Cholera in some parts of Kadi and Navsari divisions; small-pox in two talukas of Navsari division. Land being prepared for cultivation. Fodder scarce. Agricultural stock fair. Prices bajri 26, wheat 18, rice 17 pounds.

General Remarks.—Rain in Gujarat, Konkan, Deccan, Southern Maratha Country, and Hyderabad. Preparations for kharif crops in progress generally. Probable rabi outturn in Shikarpur thirteen annas. Damage done to crops by crickets in Upper Sind Frontier.

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

THE following is the statement of the opium revenue to date compared with the estimates for the year 1889-90 :—

	Bengal. In month of June 1889.	Bombay. In month of May 1889.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Estimate	50,82,500	12,00,000	62,82,500
Actual	52,93,550	10,85,175	63,78,725
Better than estimate.	2,11,050	..	96,225
Worse than estimate.	...	1,14,825	..

Three sales of Bengal opium and two months' pass duty on opium exported from Bombay.

	Bengal. To end of June 1889, Rs.	Bombay. To end of May 1889. Rs.	Total. Rs.
Estimate	1,52,47,500	30,00,000	1,82,47,500
Actual	1,59,29,575	33,01,025	1,92,30,600
Better than estimate.	6,82,075	3,01,025	9,83,100

THE Cunard steamer Umbria, which arrived on the 18th ult., at Queenstown from New York, had information of an accident on board the Seafox, a whaling barque. The Seafox had put into Quimena for wood and water, and the captain agreed to pay the people on shore for these commodities with gunpowder. While this process was going on a case of gunpowder was brought on deck on March 1, and the cover was removed. Someone was smoking a cigarette, and the result was that an explosion occurred. The afterpart of the vessel was blown away. Captain John Holmes, the third mate, and four of the crew were killed instantaneously, and five others were hurt seriously.

OXFORD IN THE OLDEN TIMES.

MR. WILFRID WARD'S account of his father's early life and his connexion with the Tractarian movement, is just published. In an appendix there is a long paper of recollections by Professor Jowett, the Master of Balliol, from which the following pen-pictures of the Balliol common-room, 1838-1845, are taken :—

A MELANCHOLY FELLOW.

The Fellows of Balliol at that time were a very united body, and not undistinguished. First, there was John Carr, the Senior Fellow, a refined gentleman and scholar, full of humorous sayings and out-of-the-way learning, but fanciful and eccentric. He was believed to have been disappointed in love, and the disappointment seemed to have left a mark on his character. He was grave and solitary. He used to laugh sadly, as if he were taking himself to task for ever indulging in mirth. He was a sort of person who, if he had lived two centuries earlier, might have been the author of Burton's "Anatomy of Melancholy." He would read all the morning, and after dinner bring out of his treasure-house some quaint saying or curious anecdote which he found or pretended to have found in a recondite or unknown author. One of his inventions, which I happen to remember, is worth preserving : "Vera sunt vera ac falsa sunt falsa. At si ecclesia dixerit vera esse falsa ac falsa esse vera, tum vera sunt falsa ac falsa sunt vera."

ARCHBISHOP TAIT.

Ten years younger was A. C. Tait, full of sense, humour, and kindness, a shrewd Scotchman, as he was sometimes thought. From early days it was predicted of him that he would become Archbishop of Canterbury. He was one of the few by whom high preferment was never sought, and to whom it did no harm. He was always kind and tolerant, and had something of the statesman in his nature. He never forgot an old friend, even when differences of opinion might have made it convenient to drop him.

THE OLD MASTER OF BALLIOL.

In attempting to portray the Balliol of fifty years ago, I must not forget the figure of the old Master (Dr. Jenkyns), who was very different from any of the Fellows, and was held in considerable awe by them. He was a gentleman of the old school, in whom were represented old manners, old traditions, old prejudices, a Tory and a Churchman, high and dry, without much literature, but having a good deal of character. His sermon on the "sin that doth so easily beset us," by which, as he said in emphatic and almost acrid tones, he meant "the habit of contracting debts," will never be forgotten by those who heard it. Nor indeed have I ever seen a whole congregation dissolved in laughter for several minutes except on that remarkable occasion. . . . It was sometimes doubted whether he was a wit or not; I myself am strongly of opinion that he was. Some excellent things were, undoubtedly, said by him, but so fertile was the genius of the undergraduates that, as in some early histories, it is impossible to separate accurately what is mythical from what is true.

MR. GLADSTONE WITH A DIFFERENCE.

Of W. G. Ward himself, Professor Jowett's sketch is too long for insertion here; and indeed the portrayal of him is the object of Mr. Wilfrid Ward's whole book, which must be read in its entirety to obtain a complete portrait. Here, however, is an interesting description of him on one side, given by means of a comparison, which is supplied by the Dean of Norwich :—His chief intellectual characteristic was his absolutely fearless reasoning out of principles, without ever allowing sentiment to stand in his way or modify his conclusions. I trace here a remarkable resemblance between him and one of the greatest men of our day—Mr. Gladstone. Dean Goulburn then recounts a conversation between the late Bishop of Lincoln and Mr. Gladstone, in the course of which the latter said :—"My dear Bishop, all the points you have specified, and others like them, are intuitions to you and men like you, who have sucked them in twith their mothers' milk. They are your foundation, that upon which you build. My case, let me tsay, is different. I was born and bred in an uninfluenced habit of life; and in my case every one of these things is the produce of my own mind simply."

Now, utterly dissimilar to Mr. Gladstone as your late father was in certain mental features (your father's mind, for example, brimming over with humour, of which there seems to be a great lack in Mr. Gladstone's), in this they strike me as having been remarkably alike, the guidance at all times of both of them by pure, hard reasoning.

BISHOP TEMPLE'S NEW DEPARTURE.

Another reminiscence, supplied by the Bishop of London, will interest Oxford men as showing the beginnings of a social new departure, which has since been carried very far :—

The present Bishop of London, then Fellow of Balliol, had organized a party at Balliol, in the summer of 1844, including, besides many fellows from various colleges, a contingent of their lady friends who were staying in Oxford. Mr. Temple had for a time some difficulty in persuading Mr. Ward to join. There was to be music, and possibly dancing; and he thought that the master would not approve of what was, to some extent, a novel experiment. However, after talking the matter over, he came to the conclusion that he might, without scruple, join the party. [That he enjoyed it is proved by what he said at the end to his host :] "My dear Temple, what a delightful evening!—one of the pleasantest I have ever spent; and what charming ladies—I could have proposed to any one of them on the spot?"

COMPANY PROMOTING.

How little, remarks a home paper, the public know of the city—that city to which they unsuspectingly take their money for investment! To the people at large the city is a place where banking is done and where companies are floated, where interest is paid and where bonds and shares are brought and sold. But how it is done they do not know. Let us chat a little about it. I suppose the business of a "company-promoter" is one of the most wonderful creations of the century. No other age has known him; it was not until the days when "limited liability" was devised that he blossomed forth. He is like a pencilled Hamburg or a Spanish bantam—a product of art and not of nature. His vocation is to "prepare" things of all kinds for the London market. He will deal in patents for water-gas, or patents for weighing-machines, mines of all kinds, railways, breweries, land debentures, businesses of any description, steamship companies, newspaper syndicates—anything, in fact, that comes to him. He watches the market, and takes the tide of public opinion at the flood, if possible, dealing alike in asbestos, nitrates, phosphates, copper, gold, silver, lead, tin, as each rises in general estimation. At this moment—Phosphates, asbestos, and gold are in the ascendant, so he looks about for promising properties of these kinds. And this is how he does it. Suppose he can find a property that he can buy, say, for £20,000. He will offer, say £10,000 in cash, and £20,000 in shares in a company to be formed by him, instead of paying so much cash as £20,000 down. Now begins his "financing," as he calls it. He will add, say, another £20,000 for "working capital," making in all £30,000 in cash and £20,000 in shares, or £50,000 in all for the concern, mine, business, or land company, whatever it is, that he takes in hand. Now he will say to himself, "Well, I must add to these figures, £50,000 for myself to reimburse me for my outlay in promoting." This promoting will cost him :—

For advertising in the newspapers, say	£1,000
For prospectuses, printing	300
For postage stamps	300
For registration and legal charges, say	300
For office and other expenses, say	300
	£2,200

Then, as he wishes to be sure that his company goes to allotment, he will get say £35,000 underwritten, as it is called—that is to say, he will arrange with brokers that for a "consideration" in shares, they shall guarantee him a cash subscription to that amount. Here come in the shares he has set aside for himself. He may have to give a bonus of half a share for each share thus under-written; or, if the concern he has in hand be a good one, not more than half, or even a quarter of that. But, in any case, a certain number of shares go. Then he has to find shares for people who have promised to become directors, and people who are asked to say a good word for the scheme to their friends, and a host of other people too numerous to mention, till, probably, at last, he he stands with say about £35,000 shares only for himself. But the public buys, if it is gullible enough; and, in the end finds itself the proud possessor of a property which was originally worth only £20,000, for the very handsome sum of £100,000. And this is about the history of seven out of ten of the companies the "company-promoter" brings out.

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POLITICS IN ENGLAND.

MR. GOSCHEN ON THE WORK OF THE SESSION.

MR. GOSCHEN addressed a large meeting of Sheffield Conservatives on the 22nd ult.; and spent some time in denouncing obstruction and defending Government proposals for national defence, &c. He said :—I come here in the middle of the session. Generally, I think, our Parliamentary utterances come either before or after the session. If they come before, we stand before audiences full of rose-coloured hopes. Or we address audiences at the end of a session, and we are glad if we can point to successful work and to promises redeemed. But in the middle of the session we have our hopes sobered by the experiences of a portion of the session. Still, I am glad to say we have not been idle, and that some good work has already been concluded. (Cheers.) There has been, I admit, a considerable waste of time again. There has been an infinite amount of time spent upon detail, and again the critics of public expenditure, as they may wish to call themselves, have proved to demonstration their total want of a sense of proportion. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) We have been days after days and weary nights after weary nights in Committee of Supply, and perhaps it is the opinion of the spectators of Parliament that these days spent upon Supply mean the watchful criticism of public expenditure. Nothing of the kind. The newspapers do not much report these proceedings, and so, perhaps, an inadequate idea of the mode in which these days and nights are spent rest upon the minds of some deluded friends of the functions of the Imperial Parliament. But what I can tell is that on these nights devoted to Supply the faddists, the crotcheteers, and the sentimentalists ride in their rhetorical chariots. (Cheers and laughter.)

But, fortunately for the interests of the country—and I admit this to the full—if there has been obstruction, the obstructionists have been good enough not to fasten upon the most important subjects of debate. They have allowed the most important legislation to proceed without any abnormal waste of time. We have been able already to pass through the House of Commons the financial arrangements for the year. We have been able to pass the measures necessary for the completion of the conversion of the National Debt. (Hear, hear.) We have been able to pass and to read a third time a bill for national defence—(cheers)—and considering the magnitude of this measure, I will not for one moment contend that the time spent upon it has been at all illegitimate or unfair.

THE JACOBINS OF THE LIBERAL PARTY.

Mr. Goschen, in another part of his speech, said: I mentioned just now that there was a new party. Well, it is no longer a joke, as was imagined at first; for I can assure you that there is at present a new formal organisation, of which, I believe, Mr. Labouchere is the leader, and of which the whips are Mr. Jacoby and Mr. Philip Stanhope. (Laughter.) You have not yet, and the country to-day has not, realised the importance of this new genesis of political force, but the time will come when you will know all about it. (Laughter and cheers.) I think that if we remember the principles of the leader and the name of one of the whips of the party—Mr. Jacoby—it is highly probable that this party will be known in future to fame as the Jacobins of the Liberal party. (Renewed laughter and cheers.) Well, but look to this significant fact. What is the numerical strength claimed by the Jacobins? (Laughter.) The total strength of the Opposition—the various groups of the Opposition—is 290. The half of the 290 would be 145. Well, now, the Parnellites have 85 members; the Jacobins count 70 members. Add these two together—I don't know whether they overlap in anyway—(laughter)—but otherwise add those two together and you get a total of 155, or ten more than the half of the Gladstonian party. (Laughter.) The consequence is, that if you put these two rival—well, I will not say rival, but these two co-operating parties together—(laughter)—the followers of Mr. Parnell and the followers of Mr. Labouchere, they are more than a majority of the total Opposition. I congratulate the followers of Mr. Gladstone upon this very unexpected result. (Laughter.)

MR. GLADSTONE ON GOVERNMENT MISDEEDS.

The following letter from Mr. Gladstone was read at the annual public meeting of the National Reform Union in the Free Trade Hall, Manchester :—

"16, James Street, May 21, 1889.

"Dear Mr. Symonds,—I trust you will have a hearty and effective meeting. The necessity for your exertions does not diminish. The present majority of paper-Unionists over heart-Unionists shows no sign of doing even the most limited amount of justice to Ireland, nor can a better report be made of them in other matters. For example, in the great department of finance, after reducing the Navy estimates in their first two years, they have in their third played into the hands of the alarmists and stimulated the augmentation of armaments abroad by proposing to add what is variously termed ten or twenty millions to the charge of the navy for the next five years. And they have done far worse in employing their ingenuity to fasten on a future Parliament the responsibility of providing for a considerable portion of this charge without the power of diminishing it. They have, at the same time, diminished by three millions the sum of twenty-eight millions which Sir Stafford Northcote promised and induced the House to promise, to devote to the charge and redemption of the National Debt. While they make these dangerous innovations, they lag in other matters behind the just expectations of the country, and it is still to the Liberal party that the United Kingdom has to look for the performance of its work. I have said enough to justify my opening words, and remain faithfully yours.—W. E. GLADSTONE.

SCOTTISH LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

A meeting of the Scotch Liberal members took place on Wednesday, 22nd ult., to consider what course should be taken with regard to the Scotch bills. Mr. Campbell-Bannerman presided, and upwards of thirty gentlemen were present. As to the duration of the debate, it was arranged that the second reading should be assented to without a division at the close of Friday's morning sitting, but that the question of Committee should be deferred till Monday, and then debated. It was resolved to oppose the proposal of the Government to send the bill to one of the Standing Committees, and to support instead the amendment of Mr. Munro-Ferguson to appoint a Special Committee, consisting of all the Scotch members, to deal with the bill.

MR. PARNELL'S DECLARATION.

Mr. Parnell made a speech on Wednesday, 22nd ult., at the meeting of the Women's Liberal Federation, at the Grosvenor Gallery, New Bond Street, London. In the course of his remarks he said: In Ireland we have always had to struggle against this difficulty. Until recently we cared nothing for English public opinion, because English public opinion cared nothing for us. (Cheers.) Nay more, it systematically disregarded and misrepresented us; and if in times past we have seemed to be indifferent to the opinion of this great country, it is because the necessities of our position drove us into that attitude. We have had to struggle for our rights under circumstances of enormous difficulty, and until that great man Mr. Gladstone—(loud and prolonged cheers)—showed his countrymen that the only way to solve the Irish difficulty was by recognising the legitimate national sentiments and national aspirations of the people, we were so situated that we could not legitimately come before you and plead the cause of our country. But now these unhappy days are gone by, and I firmly believe that they will never return. (Hear, hear.) We now stand on a footing of perfect equality. We stand on a common platform—a platform which we can accept as Irishmen without being false to the traditions of our country and to the legitimate aspirations of Irishmen in all ages, and a platform which you can accept without danger to your great empire—(cheers)—without chance of disintegration or of injury to the power and authority of the Queen. You have accepted that platform, we have accepted it, and in accepting it I declare that we have no ulterior objects—(loud cheers)—no other view than the desire to benefit our own country by enabling her to manage her own affairs—those affairs which you have so miserably mismanaged—to en

PURE PERSONALITIES.

LORD LYTTON, who is recovering pretty fast from the effects of a surgical operation, is only in his fifty-ninth year. Very few members of the diplomatic service have had a more varied career than Lord Lytton, or such rapid promotion. He was only 45 when Mr. Disraeli (his father's fast friend) made him Viceroy of India. He has been in red tape since he was 18 years old; but though he has been in it he is not of it. He is too much of a Bohemian (of the cultured species) to retain the stamp of officialdom, least of all of prigdom.

***

Lord Lytton carried his free-and-easy ways, his Bohemianism, to too great an extent in India, remarks a home paper. His countrymen and countrywomen liked to see him lounging about Calcutta, ready to quaff a bottle of champagne with a crony. But this sort of thing rather shocked the dignitaries of native India, who are strong on the proprieties, and respect them with almost religious scrupulosity. With his past experiences of St. Petersburg, and Paris, and Vienna, Lord Lytton felt bored with India after three years of the country.

***

Lord Onslow, the newly-installed Governor of New Zealand, is reported to have spoken as follows at Adelaide:—"Because I am an earl and drive a coach in London, I don't want it to be thought that I am coming out to do things on a big scale." His lordship has promised, however, his best patronage for the drama and sport. His lordship took with him the scenic effects and properties of his private theatre at Clandon, and is now said to be much exercised in his mind whether it will be *infra dig.* for Lady Onslow to delight colonial society from behind the footlights.

***

Lord Carington, who recently entered his forty-sixth year, has turned out a success, says an evening paper. Who amongst those who accompanied the Prince of Wales's party to India, it asks, would have expected to find the Prince's aide-de-camp the leading spirit of the tour, the gay viveur, after a few years a prominent Colonial Governor? Such he is, however. Four years since he accepted the Governorship of New South Wales, in succession to Lord Augustus Loftus, and so well has he acquitted himself, and linked himself with the people, that the New South Welshmen lately petitioned the Government to allow him to remain beyond the usual term.

***

The post is not a bad one. The salary is £7,000 a year—not to be sneered at by a real live lord, even if he be not very rich—in addition to which the holder has the assistance of a Lieutenant-Governor and a private secretary and clerk, the latter of which draw upon the Exchequer to the extent of another £800 a year. A great deal of the favour in which Lord Carington is held is to be attributed to the genial manner of his wife; a demure little lady at times, but with a keen sense of humour, as the following story, said to be true, will testify.

***

A short time since a magnate from South Australia called at Government House. As he was on good terms with the Governor, after presenting his card, he waved aside the footman, and said he would "go up and give his Lordship a surprise." At the top of the stairs he met a nice-looking young woman, and in a fine old gentlemanly way, chucked her under the chin with an air of gallantry, and pressed a half-crown into her hand, saying, "Show me into the presence of his Lordship, my little dear." The "little dear" smiled blandly, opened the door of Lord Carington's study, remarking, "Bob, here's a gentleman to see you, and"—spinning up the coin—"he's given me a half-crown to show him where you are."

***

It is announced that the Rev. Lord Archibald Douglas, who is a Roman Catholic priest, has resolved to adopt the peripathetic tactics of the Salvation Army. He has hired a caravan, which he is fitting up as a moveable chapel, and he will travel about preaching to the Scottish population whom he meets with. He will commence his mission in Galloway. If this does not rouse the militant Protestantism of the Scots, then Scotland does not stand where it did.

***

These Douglasses are a remarkable family. The head of the family is a pronounced agnostic, and a few years back publicly protested in a London theatre against Tennyson's "Promise of May" as a libel upon agnostics generally. His brother Lord Archibald, as above stated, is a Catholic priest. One of his sisters is Lady Florence Dixie, another married the baker attached to the Boys' Home which Lord Archibald founded.

***

Abdul Rahman, the Ameer of Cabul, who is still hovering near the Russian frontier, is about forty-eight years old. He is not quite as fat as the Claimant, but still he is uncomfortably obese. He was stoutish when, eight years ago, he accepted the ricketty throne of Cabul from Sir Frederick Roberts and Sir Lepel Griffin. Abdul Rahman is extremely courteous, and even cordial, in manners. His long exile—of sixteen or seventeen years—in Russian territory, must have improved him in some respects. He has a shrewd, resolute look; and talks sententiously. His cousin Ishak is his rival for Afghanistan, and a refugee in Russia. Abdul Rahman is compelling Ishak's adherents, "in thousands," to follow their master. Has he first tried to turn them over?

***

Mr. Clifford, who visited Father Damien at Molokai, is a man of about fifty years of age, judging from his appearance, with greyish hair and beard. His face is keen and intelligent, and his sympathetic smile betokens the essentially kindly nature of the man. He talks well on all matters, displaying, however, a special interest in missionary work, and succeeds in impressing his hearers with a strong conviction of his personal sincerity. His admiration of Father Damien is unbounded, and the devotion of the martyred priest is a topic he never wearies of. Mr. Clifford is an artist, well known for his skill in portraiture, and has brought back with him a life-like sketch of Father Damien—which, by the way, is already in the photographer's windows.

***

The Maharajah Dhuleep Singh appears to have given up his project of agitation in India, since he married Miss Ada Wetherell, in Paris. This lady is the second wife of the Maharajah, his first wife, an Alexandrian lady, having died two years ago. The Maharajah, who is a J.P. of Norfolk and Suffolk, and a member of the Carlton Club, will find it much more agreeable to settle down in Europe than to make any futile attempts to foment disturbances in the Punjab.

***

A pretty incident, says a gossip, occurred in the Special Commission Court one day a few weeks ago. A youth was engaged in making some sketches for an illustrated paper, and behind him stood a burly gentleman, who might have been taken for a county magistrate. The latter watched the young artist for a while, and then, touching him on the shoulder, ventured to observe that this and that and the other points of the sketch were not exactly what they should be. The artist simply replied by inquiring, "What do you know about it?" The gentleman persisted in kindly and persuasive criticism. At length the youth convinced that after all the correction was just—indeed, the gentleman had himself taken the drawing block and made the necessary alterations with his own hand—remarked, "Well, you do seem to know something about it, certainly," adding, "Are you on any paper?" "No," answered the gentleman, "I am not on any paper, but I do a bit of painting now and then. My name is John Millais."

***

A correspondent writes:—"Boulanger's stay in London reminds me of an incident of which I was a witness during Louis Napoleon's visit to the Queen in his Imperial capacity in April, 1855. It occurred when he was passing down Fleet-street. At that time George Jacob Holyoake, the veteran reformer, had a freethought publishing house at No. 147 of Dr. Johnson's favorite thoroughfare (the place is now an Italian restaurant). It was in those days the headquarters of movements on behalf of oppressed peoples as well as of theological discussion. 'Hang banners on the outward walls—the cry is still they come,' says Mr. Macbeth Irving, King of Scotland, and actor. On the outward walls of 147, Fleet-street, to greet the coming of the tyrant Emperor, was hung the flag of the nationalities which at that time could not be hung out in any other capital in Europe. Sir Richard Mayn, the Mr. Monro of that period, and Mr. Police Commissioner Harvey, were greatly exercised, and held anxious consultations before the door, as to whether they should order the offensive symbol of the peoples to be removed.

***

Madame Sarah Bernhardt is happy again. She has got a new coffin to replace the old one which some few months ago, along with her other personal effects, was seized by her relentless creditors. The present coffin is daintily lined with blue silk, and at the head has a soft little pillow trimmed with Valenciennes lace. It is Sarah's grim humour to sleep in her coffin sometimes; and to be quite consistent she dresses herself in something not unlike a shroud. When she goes on tour she persists in taking her coffin with her, despite the remonstrances of her husband and friends. Her coffin always stands against the wall in her bed-room, with the lid on, however. Sarah is clearly one of those wise people who take time by the forelock, and hold themselves prepared for an emergency.

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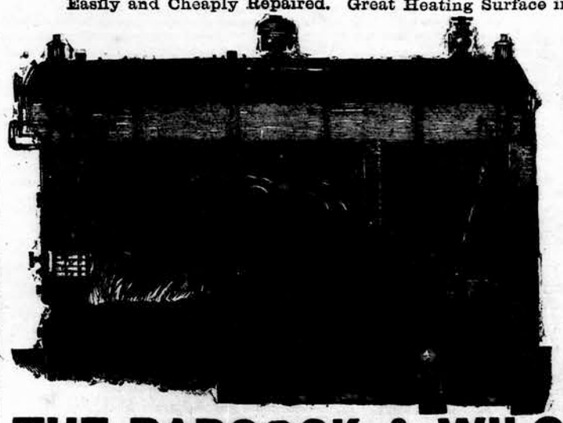

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Anyone whose duties require them to undergo mental or unnatural excitement or strain should use

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It allays nervous excitement, depression, and restores the nervous system to its proper condition (by natural means). It is the best preventive and cure for biliousness, sick headache, skin eruptions, impure blood, pimples on the face, giddiness, feverishness, mental depression, want of appetite, sourness of the stomach, constipation, vomiting, thirst, &c., and to remove the effects of errors of eating and drinking.

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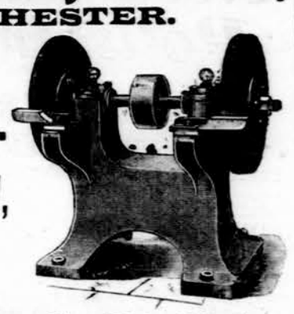

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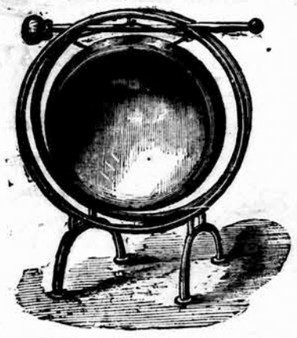

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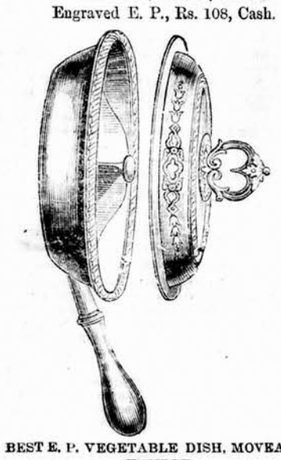

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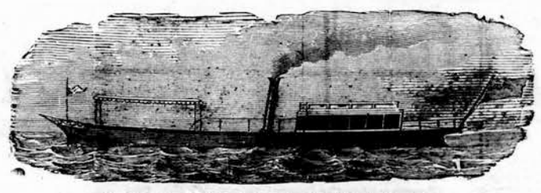

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